The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. II. RALEIGH, N. C., TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 7, 1867. NO. 230.

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

From the National Intelligencer.

UNION LEAGUES.

One of the most solemn warnings given by the "Father of his Country" was against secret political societies. They are contrary to the genius of a free people, who seek their objects not by concealment and artful mysteries, but by bold action and freest possible discussion. But when a nation permits itself to be led by a midnight caucus and an oath-bound association, it is preparing for submission to the most artful and corrupt. A leadership that cannot be openly avowed and publicly defended, should encounter a freeman's hatred and an honest man's scorn. When men are banded together for political objects, by oaths and grips and secret passwords, they mean mischief to the people, and the bare fact of secresy implies something that cannot be made to stand the test of popular investigation. But even if the object of a secret political organization were of the noblest character, and it its method were at the outset otherwise unexceptionable, the inevitable liability to perversion should bring down upon it the strongest condemnation. "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty;" but that vigilance cannot be properly employed if those aspiring to govern are permitted to work in the dark and avoid the frank criticism and the public responsibility which are so indispensable to keep public men in their places.

We can conceive of no circumstances which, in a government like ours, will justify secret political organizations, and consequently, we never looked with favor on the Union Leagues so freely organized during the war. We always felt that the Union was safe enough in the hands of the people, and if the Government had shown less distrust and frankly acknowledged disasters and blunders, instead of concealing the one and attempting to deny the other, the war would have been ended long before it was. The special pretence under which the Leagues were so often defended, that they were necessary to counteract the secret plotting of the enemies of the country, was entirely unfounded. But whatever may have been the excuses alleged to these associations, they cannot now be defended in their secret operations; least of all can the effort to band together the black men of the South against the white population by all the oaths, grips and signs which politicians have devised, for an unholy purpose, be plausibly excused. No intelligent or patriotic citizen can object to the fullest discussion in the South or elsewhere. Let the people have all the light that can be furnished; but let everything be done openly and above board, as becomes a race of free men, so that every man may have the amplest opportunities for enlightenment and unprejudiced information. He is no friend of this country who tolerates an oath bound political organization to aid in the perpetuation of the power of a party.

The Albany *Evening Journal* has some admirable remarks on these Leagues, and, after conceding their possible necessity during the war, it says:

But with the happy close of the war the necessities which had made the League so important and valuable, ceased to exist; and with the removal of these has passed away the great measure of its usefulness. The questions which now divide the people are simply political, and to a great extent partisan. As a consequence, *the League has ceased to be a patriotic auxiliary, and is rapidly becoming, not merely the instrument of a party, but the tool of a clique within a party.* No longer called upon to recruit armies, to send supplies for soldiers in the field, to hold public meetings and influence the zealous ardor of loyal men, it is now engaged in the enterprise of building up factions, seeking the dispensation of petty offices, packing primary caucuses, controlling conventions, and making tickets.—Thus, by "during too long," by remaining in the arena of action after the occasion has passed for which it was called to act—the League is at this time in great danger of degenerating to a mere cabal, and closing a history which began so auspiciously and gloriously by a repetition of the same fate which has always followed the creation of secret political bodies in this country.

We are warranted in these conclusions by an observation of the influence which this organization is exerting or attempting to exert upon the politics of our State. If there is at the present moment any serious controversy in the Republican party which threatens its future integrity, we trace it to the fact that a small body of men, controlling the "inner circle" of a mystic order, have undertaken to dictate to the great masses who must do the thinking and the voting. They are to name the officers; they are to suggest the appointments; they are to perfect the machinery; they, sitting in their star-chambers, under the veil of sworn secrecy, are to enter up all the judgments, which the people at the polls have nothing to do but to endorse and confirm. We will not assert that this purpose is a success.—We do maintain, however, that it has been seriously entertained. And if any doubts prevail as to the probable bearing it will have upon the future of the party, let those who hold them, look at the condition of the organization in New York city, observe the manner in which campaigns are conducted there, and keep account of the votes received at the polls. It is possible that the Republican party may become as inefficient in other portions of the State as it is in the metropolis. That result will transpire, when the "provincials" shall turn it over in the rural districts, as it is turned over in that city, to the hands of men who will conduct it with no other end in view than the promotion of their own petty schemes and the building up their own personal fortunes—who will advance to high office any corner grocery politician belonging to their inner periphery, rather than a citizen of exalted character, high abilities, and national reputation, who has not the seal on his forehead.

COTTON PLOWS.

We have now ready for delivery 50 of "Separk's" Cotton Plows. These plows are said by our most experienced Farmers to be the best Cotton cultivating Plow ever offered in this section.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
my 4-228-tf

BUCKEYE MOWER AND REPAIR.

We have in Store one of these celebrated Machines, which we will sell on accommodating terms.

We have also made arrangements to furnish on short notice Grain Cradles, Threshing Machines, Horse Powers, Horse Rakes, Fan Mills, Cotton Gins &c., &c., at *manufacturers' prices.*

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
my 4-228-tf

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

No. 58 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, SUGARS, COFFEES, AND TEAS, BACON, MOLASSES AND CHEESE, BRANDIES, WINES AND WHISKIES, SOAPS, CANDLES, AND CANDIES, TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

Canned Fruits, Sauces and Figs, Canned Oysters, Raisins and Dates, Nuts, Currants, Pickles and Spices, Powder, Shot and Caps, Butter, Lard, Yeast, Powders, Soda,

and in fact everything usually found in a first class Wholesale Grocery house—on the greatest variety and at prices which cannot fail to please.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS &c.

50 Boxes Axes, 25 Doz. of Manure Forks,
25 Doz. Long handled Shovels, 25 Doz. Spades,
36 " Weeding Hoes assorted, 50 Doz. Hames.
25 " Horse Collars, 50 Doz. Trace Chaines,
30 " Plow Lines, 10 Gross Axe Helves,
Rope, Twine, Nails, &c.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers & Com. Merchants.
Feb 22-168-tf

FAMILY GROCERS.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,

FAMILY GROCER,

NO. 26 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE supply of

CHOICE GROCERIES,

Consisting in part of Sugars—Crushed, "A" Coffee, Powdered, "C" Coffee, "B" Coffee, and brown of different grades;
Molasses and Syrup;
Coffees, Java, Laguira, Rio, and St. Domingo;
Bacon, Sides, Shoulders, Sugar cured Hams, and Strips;
Beef, for chipping, broiling, and spiced for boiling, a splendid article. Spiced Pig's feet, Pickled Pork, Beef and Buffalo Tongues.
Codfish, Tongues and Sounds. Mackerel, Smoked or Scotch Herrings. A splendid lot of Codfish.
Pickled and smoked Salmon.
Liverpool and Table Salt.
Potatoes, White Mercer, Peach Blow and Jackson Whites.
Gunny Bagging, Rope, Sole Leather, French Calf Skins, Lining Skins, &c. Shoe Pegs, Tacks, Awls, &c.
Wrapping Paper, Powder and Shot, Cotton Cards. Pearl and Corn Starch, Farina and Tapioca; English Dairy Cheese, Factory Cheese; a large assortment of Canned Fruits. Pickles, Preserves, Mustards, canned Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c.
Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Currants and Prunes, and everything usually kept in a first-class Grocery.
Also Liquors of all grades. Attention is especially called to our pure old Robeson County and old Keller Whiskey.
All manner of Sances, Catsups, and Fancy Groceries generally, very cheap for cash.
We sell strictly for CASH.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,
April 3—tf Family Grocer.

ROBERT A. JENKINS, Williamsborough, N. C. — LEMUEL S. PERRY, Raleigh, N. C.

JENKINS & PERRY,

Family Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

IN THE BRICK ROW,

Four Doors North of the Post Office and nearly Opposite Market Square,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Grateful for the flattering patronage with which we have heretofore been so kindly favored, we respectfully solicit an increased share of the patronage of the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country. Without specially *gassing*, we deem it sufficient to say, that our stock mostly embraces such articles as are usually found in Family Groceries. Most of our goods have been recently bought in New York and Baltimore, for cash, and we hope to be able to sell them on satisfactory terms. In addition to our stock of Groceries, &c., we have a fine lot of

HATS AND READY MADE CLOTHING

and a splendid lot of Confectioneries, consisting of

PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES, RAISINS, ORANGES, FIGS, NUTS AND BRANDY PEACHES, &c.,

all of which will be sold on reasonable terms.

We have also a fine lot of genuine Durham Smoking Tobacco, which we can implicitly recommend to "those who smoke." Please call and see us.

We will pay particular attention to all consignments of Produce and Merchandise entrusted to our care and will endeavor to sell at the best market prices. Consignments are respectfully solicited. By a prompt and close attention to business and fair dealing with all, we hope to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

April 13-216-tf

IF YOU WANT REALLY TO INDULGE YOURself in the exquisite luxury of a good smoke and inspire yourself with beautiful thoughts and delicious care-beguiling emotions,—in short, if you want to *feel good*,—try some of this fragrant, genuine DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO.

at
April 27-223-tf JENKINS & PERRY'S.

JACKSON WHITE POTATOES.

If you want something nice in the shape of a Potato, call and examine those which I am now offering DOUGLAS BELL.
April 21-218-tf

RICHMOND ADVERTISEMENTS.

ALLAN & JOHNSON.

WHOLESALE

Seedsmen, Nurserymen & Florists.

1506 MAIN ST.,

(UNDER ST. CHARLES HOTEL)

Richmond, Va.

Oct 13-1y

R. H. MAURY, J. L. MAURY, R. TROOKE.

R. H. MAURY & CO.

ESTABLISHED IN 1838.

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

No. 1014 MAIN STREET,

First House Below the Post Office,

RICHMOND, VA.

Sterling Exchange, Gold and Silver, Bank Notes, State, City, and Railroad Bonds and Stocks, &c., bought and sold on commission.

Deposits received and Collections made on all accessible points in the United States. de
Feb 7-155-2m.

MISCELLANEOUS.

"THE SQUARE AND COMPASS,"

A Weekly Masonic Newspaper

PUBLISHED BY

JOSEPH G. HESTER,

CITY HALL, RALEIGH, N. C.

This journal will be devoted to the interests of masonry and the dissemination of all knowledge, calculated to promote and foster the craft. It will contain a full and complete summary of all the most important current news of the week.

It will also give to its readers many interesting literary articles, and in every issue an entertaining novellette.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One year $3.00
6 months 2.00
3 months 1.00

Advertisements inserted on reasonable terms. Agents wanted in every town and village.
April 10-208-tf

J. T. MORRISS & BRO.,

127 SYCAMORE STREET,

PETERSBURG, VA.

W. H. MORRIS & CO.,

18 FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

Raleigh, N. C.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

AND

Manufacturers of all Kinds of Furniture,

—ALSO—

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Floor and Table Oil Cloth, Window Shades, Enameled Cloth and Floor Matting.

Call and examine our stock. Our motto is quick sales and small profits.
April 15-212-3m*

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!!

50,000 LBS. OF NICE, CLEAN, PURE ice from fresh running Streams, for sale at 2½ cents per lb. Apply to

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.
Feb 26-171-tf

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE!

Within one mile of the Capitol!

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE THAT Valuable property known as

"RUNNYMEDE,"

within one mile of the Capitol, on the Hillsboro Road.

The tract contains 45 acres, 20 of which are cleared and under fence, and well adapted to the cultivation of cotton or the cereals.

There is on the premises a select Apple ORCHARD, of 125 choice young trees, and a promising vineyard.

The improvements consist of a neat and handsome DWELLING HOUSE, with five rooms, well finished and sufficiently commodious. Also, Kitchen, Smoke-house, barn, stables, carriage-house, work-shop, and one of the best wells of water in the State.

Few more desirable places are offered for sale, combining, as it does, all the advantages of a city and rural residence.

W. H. HAMILTON.
April 20-217-2w*

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

Book Sellers and Stationers,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS,

MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;

BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS SUPPLIES;

SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;

ALBUMS;

PERFUMERY,

FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

NOTICE.

I will sell to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in Raleigh, on Monday, the 20th. day of May next, the following property of C. M. Farris, viz:

A certain lot or parcel of land in the city of Raleigh, adjoining the Gas Lot, and others.

Also, the intrest of C. M. Farris the same being one half in fee simple, in and to the two following lots:

The first situated in the late extended limits of the city of Raleigh, westward of Halifax Street and on the north side of Johnson Street, adjoining the lot lately owned by W.W. Vass and others, containing one third of an acre, more or less.

The second being the lot on Davie Street, known as the Hackney Pool lot, adjoining the lands of Seth K. Jones and others, containing one half acre or the reabouts.

Also, all his undivided intrest, share and part of lot No 2 and small part of lot No. 1, in the city of Raleigh being the Albert Carter lot, his said intrest being two thirds of said lot, situated on the south side of Lenoir Street.

Terms made known on day of sale

W. H. HIGH,
April 24-wtsl Trustee of C. M. Farris.

LIME! LIME!!

150 Barrels Fresh Lockport Lime, on consignment, and offered very low, if taken at the Depot at once.

JAMES M. TOWLES.
April 29-214-tf

Office Western N. C. R. R. Co.,
STATESVILLE, N. C., April 27, 1867.

A CALL meeting of the Stockholders of the Western N. C. R. R. Company will be held in Morganton, on Wednesday, the 29th. of May, to accept or reject an important amendment to the Charter, passed by the last Legislature.

Stockholders and their families will pass free. By order of the Directors,

R. F. SIMONTON,
May 1-225-wtd, Secretary and Treasurer.

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. B HUNTER, Granville Co., N. C. — E. H. LASSITER, Northampton Co., N. C.

HUNTER & LASSITER,

[FORMERLY CONANT & HUNTER,]

Cotton Factors, & General Commission

MERCHANTS,

CORNER OF HIGH AND WATER STREETS,

PORTSMOUTH, VA.
Feb 6-154-3m

SEGARS AND TOBACCO.

WE are in receipt of a lot of Segars and Chewing Tobacco that can't be beaten. Call and see.

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.
Dec 17-tf

NOTICE!!!

FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONDUCTING A Family Grocery, I have established myself on the North side of Market Square, in the Brick Store next to Fayetteville Street, where I shall keep constantly on hand a carefully selected Stock, embracing,

FLOUR, MEAL, GRAIN,
BACON, LARD, CHEESE,
SUGAR, MOLASSES,
COFFEE, TEA,
SOAP,
CANDLES,
RICE,
SALT, &c., &c.

to which I respectfully invite the attention of my friends and the public.

DOUGLAS BELL.
Raleigh, Mar 11-180-3m

1867. SPRING TRADE 1867.

8 x 10 and 10 x 12 Glass.
10 x 14 and 12 x 18 ditto.
300 lbs., Bladder Putty.

J. BROWN.
mar 11-180-tf With HART & LEWIS.

TANNER'S OIL.

ANOTHER lot of that Superior Fish Oil for Tanner's use, just to hand.

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.
Dec 17-tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

$300 REWARD!

A Proclamation by His Excellency, Jonathan Worth, Governor of North Carolina.

WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN REPRESented to me that J. Q. BRYANT, late of the County of Wake in said State, stands charged with the murder of one Wiley Sauls, late of said County and State, and that said Bryant is a fugitive from justice.

Now, THEREFORE, in order that the said Bryant may be arrested and brought to justice for the said alleged murder, I, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of said State, do issue this, my proclamation, offering the reward of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS for his apprehension and delivery to the Sheriff of Wake County.

(SEAL.) In witness whereof, His Excellency, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of said State, has hereto set his hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed. Done at the City of Raleigh, this the 22nd day of February, A. D. 1867.

By the Governor: JONATHAN WORTH.
WM. H. BAGLEY, Private Sec'y.

DESCRIPTION.—J. Q. Bryant is between 25 and 30 years old, about 6 feet 1 inch high, straight, square shouldered, light complexioned, down look, incessantly chewing tobacco, visiting dissipated places, fond of gaming, dark hair, has a sore leg (or has had, which will leave a scar.)
Feb 22—168-tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

$300 REWARD!!

A PROCLAMATION

By His Excellency, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of North Carolina:

WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN REPRESented to me that PETER LANE (Colored,) late of the County of Wake, in said State, stands charged with the murder of one Mayo, (Colored) late of said County and State, and that said Lane is a fugitive from justice:

Now THEREFORE, in order that the said Lane may be arrested and brought to justice for the said alleged murder, I, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of said State, do issue this my proclamation, offering the reward of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS for his apprehension and delivery to the Sheriff of Wake County,

(SEAL.) In witness whereof, His Excellency, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of said State, has hereto set his hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed. Done at the City of Raleigh, this the 23d. da, of February A. D. 1867.

By the Governor: JONATHAN WORTH,
Wm. H. Bagley,
Private Secretary.

DESCRIPTION.—Peter Lane, is a bright mulatto, 6 feet 1 or 2 inches high—weighs 180 or 190 pounds—35 or 40 years old—heavy goatee—full face—high forehead—likely—quite intelligent—very polite—quick spoken—and is a black-smith by trade.
Feb 22-168-1m

EQUITY SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECRETAL ORDER OF Equity for the county of Johnston, I shall sell to the highest bidder, at public auction, at the late residence of W. B. Moore, deceased, on the 11th. day of May next, the lands belonging to the estate of the said Walter R. Moore, deceased, consisting of about

NINE HUNDRED ACRES;

about 18 miles from the city of Raleigh, and on the Raleigh and Wilmington Road

This is evidently one of the most desirable farms in the county—land fertile, and highly adapted to both corn and cotton, and for health not surpassed by any residence in this part of the State.

TERMS:—Enough cash to pay the costs—Bonds well secured for the payment of the balance of the purchase money, six and twelve months after date, with interest from day of sale.

L. ELLIOTT, C. & M. E.
April 24-220-ts for Johnston County.

NICE BACON AND FAMILY FLOUR!

IN STORE, A LARGE LOT OF STRICTLY prime N. C. Bacon and Family Flour, to which the attention of Housekeepers is called.

JAMES H. TOWLES,
April 16-213-tf Agent.

FOR RENT OR SALE.

A valuable house and lot in this city, for rent or sale.

Apply to H. C. BADGER.
Feb. 14—161-tf

LIME.

FARMERS and builders in need of Lime, can be supplied by the undersigned with an excellent article at very low rates.

Cost per ton at Salisbury securely boxed $12,00
Freight from salisbury to Greensboro, $2,00
Do " Hillsboro, 3,30
Do " Raleigh, 3,70.

Apply to
POWELL, WILSON & CO.
Catawba Station.
Dec 5-tf W. N. C. R. R.

GUANO! GUANO!!

A NEW ARRIVAL OF NO. 1, PERUVIAN Guano and Baugh's Raw Bone Phosphate of Lime, direct from the manufactory and sold at their rates, only adding transportation. Farmers will do well to secure what they may want, at once.

JAMES M. TOWLES.
April 16-213-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

ASTROLOGY.

THE WORLD ASTONISHED

AT THE WONDERFUL REVELATIONS

MADE BY THE GREAT ASTROLOGIST,

Madame H. A. PERRIGO.

She reveals secrets no mortal ever knew. She restores to happiness those who, from doleful events, catastrophes, crosses in love, loss of relations and friends, loss of money, &c., have become despondent. She brings together those long separated, gives information concerning absent friends or lovers, restores lost or stolen property, tells you the business you are best qualified to pursue and in what you will be most successful, causes speedy marriages and tells you the very day you will marry, gives you the name, likeness and characteristics of the person. She reads your very thoughts, and by her almost supernatural powers unveils the dark and hidden mysteries of the future. From the stars we see in the firmament—the malefic stars that overcome or predominate in the configuration—from the aspects and positions of the planets and the fixed stars in the heavens at the time of birth, she deduces the future destiny of man. Fail not to consult the greatest Astrologist on earth. It costs you but a trifle, and you may never again have so favorable an opportunity. Consultation fee, with likeness and all desired information, $1. Parties living at a distance can consult the Madame by mail with equal safety and satisfaction to themselves, as if in person. A full and explicit chart, written out, with all inquiries answered and likeness enclosed, sent by mail on receipt of price above mentioned. The strictest secresy will be maintained, and all correspondence returned or destroyed. References of the highest order furnished those desiring them. Write plainly the day of the month and year in which you were born, enclosing a small lock of hair.

Address, MADAME H. A. PERRIGO,
P. O. DRAWER 293, BUFFALO, N. Y.
April 6-205-1yead

There cometh glad tidings of joy to all,
To young and to old, to great and to small;
The beauty which once was so precious and rare,
Is free for all, and all may be fair.

By the use of

CHASTELLAR'S

WHITE LIQUID

ENAMEL,

For improving and beautifying the complexion. The most valuable and perfect preparation in use, for giving the skin a beautiful pearl-like tint, that is only found in youth. It quickly removes Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, Moth, Patches, Sallowness, Eruptions, and all impurities of the skin, kindly healing the same, leaving the skin white and clear as alabaster. Its use can not be detected by the closest scrutiny, and being a vegetable preparation, is perfectly harmless. It is the only article of the kind used by the French, and is considered by the Partisian as indispensable to a perfect toilet. Upwards of 30,000 bottles were sold during the past year, a sufficient guarantee of its efficacy. Price only 75 cents. Sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of an order, by

BERGER, SHUTTS & Co., Chemists
April 6—205-1ydaw 285 River St., Troy, N. Y.

CRISPER COMA.

Oh! she was beautiful and fair,
With starry eyes, and radiant hair,
Whose curling tendrils soft entwined,
Enchained the very heart and mind.

CRISPER COMA,

For Curling the Hair of either Sex into Wavy and Glossy Ringlets or Heavy Massive Curls.

By using this article Ladies and Gentlemen can beautify themselves a thousand fold. It is the only article in the world that will curl straight hair, and at the same time give it a beautiful, glossy appearance. The Crisper Coma not only curls the hair, but invigorates, beautifies and cleanses it; is highly and delightfully perfumed, and is the most complete article of the kind ever offered to the American public. The Crisper Coma will be sent to any address, sealed and post-paid, for $1

Address all orders to
W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists,
No. 3 West Fayette Street, SYRACUSE, N. Y.
April 6-1ydaw

EXCELSIOR! EXCELSIOR!!

CHASTELLAR'S

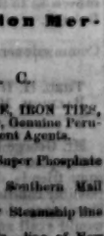
Hair Exterminator.

For Removing Superfluous Hair.

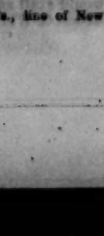
To the ladies especially, this invaluable depilatory recommends itself as being an almost indispensable article to female beauty, is easily applied, does not burn or injure the skin, but acts directly on the roots. It is warranted to remove superfluous hair from low foreheads, or from any part of the body, completely, totally and radically extirpating the same, leaving the skin soft, smooth and natural. This is the only article used by the French, and is the only real effectual depilatory in existence. Price 75 cents per package, sent post-paid, to any address, on receipt of an order, by

BERGER, SHUTTS & Co., Chemists,
285 River St., Troy, N. Y.
April 8-1ydaw

WHISKERS AND MUSTACHES forced to grow upon the smoothest face in from three to five weeks by using Dr. SEVIGNE'S RESTAURATEUR CAPILLAIRE, the most wonderful discovery in modern science, acting upon the Beard and Hair in an almost miraculous manner. It has been used by the elite of Paris and London with the most flattering success. Names of all purchasers will be registered, and if entire satisfaction is not given in every instance, the money will be cheerfully refunded.—Price by mail, sealed and postpaid, $1. Descriptive circulars and testimonials mailed free. Address BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, No. 285 River Street, Troy, N. Y. Sole agents for the United States.
April 8-1ydaw



BEAUTY.—Auburn, Golden, Flaxen, Silken CURLS produby the use of Prof. DEDREUX FRISER LE CHEVEUX. One application warranted to curl the most straight and stubborn hair of either sex into wavy ringlets, or heavy massive curls.—Has been used by the fashionables of Paris and London, with the most gratifying results. Does no injury to the hair. Price by mail, sealed and postpaid, $1. Descriptive Circulars mailed free. Address BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, No. 285 River St., Troy, N. Y., Sole Agents for the United States.
April 8-1ydaw



WILMINGTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. G. WORTH, N. G. DANIEL.

WORTH & DANIEL

Shipping & Commission Merchants,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

DEALERS IN BAGGING, ROPE, IRON TIES, Lime, Plaster, Cement, Hair, Genuine Peruvian Guano direct from Government Agents.

Salt, Hay and all kinds of Coal.

Agents for Baugh's Raw Bone Super Phosphate of Lime.

Agents for the Philadelphia Southern Mail Steamship line.

Agents for Goodspeed's weekly Steamship line from New York.

Agents for Jonas Smith & Co's., line of New York sail packets.
Feb 6-154-6m

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

GARRETT, YOUNG, SCOTT, & CO.

No. 33 Warren and 99 Murray Sts.,

NEW YORK,

SUCCESSORS TO

ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.

OF NEW YORK,

AND

SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,

OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Men's and Boys' Clothing.

C. W. GARRETT, EBEN YOUNG, SPENCER SCOTT, A. S. SHAFER, A. L. SCOTT, F. M. GARRETT.
Feb 15-162-3m

JOHN S. DANCY, OF TARBORO, N.C., JOHN H. HYMAN, OF SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

JOSEPH H. HYMAN,

Late of Tarboro, N C.

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

For the sale of all kinds of Southern produce and purchase of General Merchandise,

No. 24, Exchange Place, NEW YORK.

Aug. 23-tf

J. L. HATHAWAY AND UTLEY.

(Formerly HATHAWAY & Co., Importers of MOLASSES and SUGAR, Wilmington, N. C.)

Shipping and Commission Merchants,

171 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

We solicit consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores, Sheetings, Yarns, Tobacco, and other Southern Products, to the sale of which our prompt personal attention will be given. We will make liberal advances upon receipt of Invoice and Bill of Lading. All Merchandise and Produce shipped to us for sale are insured from point of shipment, with or without advice. Invoices should always accompany each shipment.

Both of us having had over twenty years' experience in business in the South, and our J. L. HATHAWAY three years in New York, we feel confident we can secure full prices for our friends who will favor us with their consignments.

REFER TO—Kemp P. Battle, Public Treasurer of N. C. and W. H. & R. S. Tucker, Raleigh, N. C.
JAS. L. HATHAWAY, WM. R. UTLEY.
Feb. 20-6m

MISCELLANEOUS.

PULMONARY DISEASES

CAN BE CURED.

DR. THOMAS H. MILES CONTINUES TO treat Thoracic Diseases by Topical Medication, or "Catheterism of the air Passages," conjoined with appropriate general remedies, as practiced by Prof. GARDY, of New York. This treatment is a specific for chronic Bronchitis, Laryngitis, Asthma and Incipent Consumption. References given if required. His address is Mt. Carmel, Halifax county, Va.
April 9-207-2m

WOOD'S FAMILY ROE AND CUT HERRINGS AND FAMILY SHAD.

Having received many orders heretofore from persons in various parts of the country, which I could not fill, on account of the inconvenience of transportation, I have established an agency with

MESSRS. C. W. GRANDY & SONS,

Norfolk, Va., who will fill any orders that may be sent them for my fish, and forward them to any part of the country. They will always be found of superior quality and put up in the best manner, in pickle—tight packages, barrels and half barrels and half barrels.

EDWARD WOOD,
Edenton, N. C., April 13-211-3awlm

HUFHAM & HUGHES,

BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS.

Having made large additions to our

BOOK AND JOB TYPE,

We are prepared to do all kinds of

BOOK AND NEWSPAPER PRINTING

Promptly and in the best style of the art.

OUR PRINTING PRESSES

are of the best manufacture in the world, (the same as used by the Harpers, and leading Publishers in N. Y.,) and our facilities for doing work of any kind at the

SHORTEST NOTICE

on the most REASONABLE TERMS, and in SUPERIOR STYLE, equal to any in the country.

Contracts made for the printing of Newspapers and Magazines.

Blanks, Checks, plain or colored,
Cards,
Bill Heads,
Hand Bills,
Posters,
Circulars,
Letter Heads,
&c., &c., &c., &c.,

At the shortest notice and most reasonable prices.

ORNAMENTAL & COLORED PRINTING

To suit all tastes.

We are prepared to do any kind of letter-press printing, from an Invitation Card to a Book of one thousand pages, expeditiously, economically and satisfactorily.

HUFHAM & HUGHES,
Jan 5—tf Raleigh, N. C.

MEDICAL SOCIETY OF THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

THE FOURTEENTH ANNUAL MEETING will be held at Tarboro, N. C., at twelve o'clock M., on Monday, 13th. May, 1867. The members of the Medical Profession are respectfully invited to attend. The various Rail Roads of the State have consented to issue free return tickets to those who may attend the meeting.

S. S. SATCHWELL,
April 25-221-2awtd. Secretary.

NOTICE!

VALUABLE PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT, COMPLETE, FOR SALE.

BY virtue of a deed of trust to me executed, I shall expose to public sale, at the Court House door, in the city of Newbern, on Tuesday, the 20th. day of May next, one complete printing establishment, consisting of press, types and fixtures.

Persons desiring the material for starting a paper will find this a rare chance, as everything is in good order.

Terms made known on day of sale.

GEO. GREEN, Trustee.
April 30-td.

IRON AND TIN WARE.

1867. Spring Trade, 1867.

20 doz. Mill Saw Files, assorted, 8 to 14 Inches.
50 " Cut Tacks, assorted, 2½ to 18 oz.

ALSO,

Curry Combs, Horse, Shoe and Scrub Brushes
Bed and Plate Casters.
Wholesale and Retail.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, March 25-193-tf With HART & LEWIS

NEW ARRIVAL KEROSENE LAMPS,

TUN, Bronzed, Gilt and Glass Hand Lamps, Dining Room and Parlor Lamps, all complete.

ALSO,

Garden Shears and Garden Trowels.

J. BROWN,
With HART & LEWIS.
Raleigh, mar 22-191-tf

HARDWARE.

WOSTENHOLM & SONS' HEAVY RAZORS, Fine Barber's Shears,
Large Garden Shears and Garden Trowels.

J. BROWN,
April 11-200-tf With HART & LEWIS.

1867. Spring Trade, 1867.

FINE TABLE CUTLERY: SUCH AS IVORY Handled Balwier Knives and Forks, and Knives only.
Guano Droppers, made and on hand.

J. BROWN,
April-17-214-tf With HART & LEWIS

USEFUL.

AT 44, FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

Old Dominion Coffee Pots,
French Biggin Coffee Pots,
Crystal and Ornamented Chamber Sets,
Handsome Water Coolers,
Chamber or Hot Bath Tubs.

J. BROWN,
April 29-224-tf With HART & LEWIS.

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE.

White and Persian Granite Table Ware.
Bowls and Pitchers.
Edged and C. C. Plates.
Goblets, Tumblers, Wine Glasses, Salt Stands.

ALSO,

Framed Looking Glasses.

J. BROWN,
April 23-219-tf With HART & LEWIS.

RAILROADS.

RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL ROAD. 1867

Through Freight Tariff.

NORTH AND SOUTH,

BY THE AIR LINE ROUTE!!

WE are now prepared to ship all kinds of Freight through to New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore, on through bills of lading, giving through receipts, at the lowest rate.

THIS IS THE LINE FOR SHIPPERS.

Your Goods will be handled only once.

Through connections close, no delay, time and expense less than by any other route. Insurance trifling compared with other routes. We take goods to and from Columbia, S. C., and all intermediate stations, with more promptness and dispatch than any Express Company at about one-fourth the cost.

TAKE NOTICE.

Persons shipping goods South will ship through the following agents and by the following named Steamship Companies and no other.

FROM NEW YORK,

By the Atlantic Coast Mail Steamship Co., Livingston, Fox & Co., Agents, No. 88 Liberty Street, or Pier 36 North River N. Y.

FROM BALTIMORE,

By the Baltimore Steam Packet Company, I. B. Parks Agent, foot of Union Dock, and Brandt's line of Steamers.

FROM PHILADELPHIA,

By the Philadelphia and Norfolk Steamship Co., W. L. Clyde & Co., Agents, No. 14 North Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia.

FROM BOSTON,

By the Boston and Norfolk Steamship Co., E. Sampson & Co., Agents, end of Central Wharf, Boston.

Consign your goods to R. R. Agents, Portsmouth, Va., and City Point. Goods coming by the way of City Point and Petersburg must be so marked.

C. B. ALLEN,
Dec. 5—tf Freight Agt. R. & G. R. R.

MEDICINES, &C.

SAUNDERS'

CATHARTIC AND ALTERATIVE PILLS.

RECOMMENDED BY THE BEST PHYSIcians. Purely Vegetable. No Calomel in them. Never Gripe; being Coated with Gum Tolu are perfectly tasteless.

For regulating the Bowels, and for the cure of Bilious Fever, Bilious Headache, Constipation or Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Piles, Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Dizziness, loss of Appetite, sick Headache, and all diseases where a reliable Cathartic medicine is required.

Dr. W. F. Mallett, who has no superior as a Physician in North Carolina, has examined the formula by which these pills are made and highly recommends them.

Col. W. J. Martin, the distinguished Patriot and Professor of Chemistry in the University of North Carolina, has analyzed them, and certifies that they contain no Mercury or any other mineral constituent whatever.

Call and get a Circular.

Prepared and sold by

R. R. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.
For sale in Raleigh by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

THE AMERICAN BITTERS.

The Great Southern Tonic,

AND THE MOST PALATABLE STOMACHIC EVER USED,

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA, DISORDERed Digestion, Flatulency, Sluggish Circulation of the Blood, Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid condition of the Stomach and Bowels. An Elegant Tonic in debilitated states of the Digestive Organs, or of the system generally.—For the loss of appetite it is the most wholesome and effectual Tonic in the world. It strengthens nature and enables the system to triumph over disease. In wakefulness attended with tremors and general nervous derangement, it is peculiarly adapted, giving strength and tone to the nerves. To delicate Ladies and Children it is invaluable—and in fact wherever a pleasant and agreeable Tonic is wanted, this should be used.

Dr. Johnston R. Jones, one of the most scientific and well known Physicians in the Southern States, testifies to its great value, besides many others who have been greatly benefited by the use of these Bitters.

Prepared and sold by

R. R. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.
For sale in Raleigh by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

MISCELLANEOUS.

AUCTION SALE.

I will sell, on the 23rd. day of May, at the store of W. C. Stronach, on Market Square, all the HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FUR

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every evening, except Sunday, on the following terms:

For one month	$1.00
For two months	2.00
Three months	2.50
Six months	5.00
One year	10.00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year	5.00
" " six months	2.50
Weekly Sentinel, one year	3.00
" " six months	1.50

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 7, 1867.

THE PENITENTIARY DEMANDED.

Whatever may have been, heretofore, the force of the objections to the establishment of a Penitentiary, in North Carolina, it appears to us that our present condition demands it imperiously at an early day. The last Legislature, perceiving the consequences which must result from the abandonment of our old methods of punishing criminals, in compliance with military orders, passed a law empowering the Courts, hereafter, to punish persons guilty of misdemeanors or crimes, by adjudging them to work on the public roads with ball and chain.

We learn that Judge Warren, at the recent term of Guilford Superior Court, ruled that the law in question had been rendered null by Gen. Sickles' general order, in which corporal punishments were henceforth forbidden in Military District No. 2. Hence he sentenced all the convicts to simple imprisonment in the county jail, for such terms as the nature of their offences required. We learn futher that this decision occasions considerable uneasiness among the county fathers, on account of the large expense which the keeping of a number of convicts in the county jails will entail, and the consequent increase of the county taxes.

Taking it for granted that Judge Warren's interpretation of the Commanding General's order is correct, our people will very soon begin to feel where the shoe pinches, and perhaps will open their eyes to the absolute necessity of a Penitentiary.

What is to be the effect of this state of things, if our people continue to oppose the erection of a Penitentiary? Months ago, when urging its necessity, we warned the public of this state of things. We regard the question as settled, however unwise we may think it to be, that hereafter, in North Carolina, all corporeal and degrading punishments for crime are at an end. We must adopt either the county work-house system or a Penitentiary. The county work-house system is wholly inefficient, troublesome and must be continuously expensive. Whatever objections may be urged against a Penitentiary, bear with still greater force against the county work-house system.

But two objections of any force have been urged against the Penitentiary. First, the cost of the Penitentiary in building and maintaining it; secondly, that it successful and self-supporting, it must interfere with the mechanical enterprises of the State. The first objection falls to the ground, when it is seen that the county work-house system can be shown to be far more expensive than a Penitentiary. It is estimated that the expense of purchase, construction and furnishing a county work-house, to be rendered really effective, will be from 10, to 20, or $30,000. Let it be admitted that the average cost of these would be $10,000, then it would require $890,000 to supply each county of the State with a work-house prison. If the convicts were required to do mechanical work, then they would interfere as much with mechanical trades as a Penitentiary could. Besides, being county institutions and the counties being unwilling to supply the means for working tools, &c., and the number of convicts being comparatively small, the expense of keeping them up, over and above the profits of convict labor, would be greater in proportion to the expense of a larger institution like a Penitentiary. But the actual cost of a Penitentiary, properly located and judiciously constructed and furnished, would not be to the State over $500,000. Hence there would be a saving of $390,000 in favor of the Penitentiary. But suppose our people were to declare against a Penitentiary, or a work-house system, and insist that all convicts, convicted of crimes less than the punishment of death, shall be punished by simple confinement in the county jails, then every county in the State would be compelled to build larger and more costly jails than they now have, each costing at least $10,000, besides submitting to the expense of keeping convicts in prison, which could not be less than from $2,000 to $4,000 annually. See, what an amount of money would be actually thrown away by each county, without adequately punishing crime, or in the least restraining it. The natural result from this state of things would be the release of every convict, in a few days, weeks or months, in order to save the people from expense. Will this do?

Already petitions are being sent in to Gov. Worth, to pardon convicts who have been just incarcerated, for the simple reason that the Counties cannot bear the expense. We hope the Governor will not listen to any such appeals for such a reason. Where the designs of the law and its honor are maintained, making the efforts of justice a "terror to evil-doers and a praise to those that do well," in such cases pardon should be extended; but in cases where high crime and obduracy are evinced and the release of the culprit would be injurious to society, executive clemency should not be extended. We shall recur to this subject on to-morrow.

The Boston *Post* says the reason that Senator Wilson moves so swiftly in his electioneering journey, is that his last speech shall not overtake him before he delivers again.

RELEASE OF MR. DAVIS.—The Washington correspondent of the New York "*Express*" says:

"If Jefferson Davis is not released on bail by Judge Underwood next week, the President will order his liberation."

GEN. HOWARD, in his admirable address, delivered in this city on Sunday evening last, in reference to the condition of the Southern freedmen, made the significant statement that before the passage of the Reconstruction act, outrages upon that class of people were frequent, but that complaints on this account have almost entirely ceased. Such testimony, coming from a man who is more thoroughly informed than any other in the nation in reference to the actual condition of the freedmen, is the most conclusive vindication of the policy of Congress in the passage of the Reconstruction act, as opposed to that of the President and its other opponents.—*Chicago Republican.*

"Such testimony," coming from Gen. Howard or from any body else, only proves that the South, ever since the close of the war, has been the victim of persistent falsehood and misrepresentation, in order to the accomplishment of a certain object. *That* effected, by the passage of the Reconstruction acts, it is necessary to the vindication and laudation of the "wisdom" of the Congressional policy, to say that "outrages upon the freedmen" have ceased, as one of its results.

According to a correspondent of the New York *Herald*, however, the "passage of the Reconstruction Act" has had another effect. If his statements are to be credited, the tendency has been, while stopping "outrages upon freedmen," to multiply, at a fearful rate, outrages *by* freedmen. We presume, however, that that would be considered by the Chicago *Republican* and Gen. Howard as a matter of comparatively minor importance,—only the difference between "*my* bull going your ox, and *your* ox goring *my* bull." The correspondent in question, writing from Washington, under date of May 3rd., says: "Outrages by negroes in North Carolina are daily becoming more frequent."

This is all moonshine. There is about as much truth in this statement, as there was in the other lie that outrages upon freedmen or Southern Loyalists were frequent before the passage of the Reconstruction Act. The truth is, our people, of both races, are peaceable, quiet and orderly.—There is every reason for the apprehension, however, that things cannot remain in this situation long, under the inflammatory and incendiary appeals that are being daily made, in the various sections of the State, to the passions of the colored race.

THE WASHINGTON correspondent of the New York *Herald* gives prominence to what he styles "some remarkable utterances" by the Hon. Caleb Cushing. The following are some of them:

"New England has the reins, and while she holds them she will drive roughshod over the conquered States, and place the cup she has prepared even to the lips of her hitherto Northern allies. But the hour cometh, says Gen. Cushing—and he thinks it no further away than the next administration—when the awakening people of the West, who have, in the past, followed the lead of the East, will assert that giant strength whose irresistible power is to control the future of this country. The East may at present have the cultivated genius and refined intelligence; but even these it cannot always claim; while the West will soon wield that ponderous common sense which is to wipe over the flimsy cobwels of legislation now being spun in the land, and, with that mighty singleness of purpose which ever flows from that fountain, re-establish the Union and found that "more perfect Union" contemplated by the Constitution. The West will be just, but the West will also be generous; the West will exact, but it will also concede."

Considering that Mr. Cushing is himself a New Englander, of the clan Massachusetts, we accept the illustration of New England temper which he so unflatteringly gives.—It accords entirely with all our previous notions of the intolerance and malignity of the descendants of the Puritans. "To ride rough-shod over a *conquered people*" evinces a noble spirit, truly! Let Alaric and Attila hide their diminished heads.

Senator Wilson spoke in Wilmington on Wednesday last, and Benj. Robinson, Editor of the Wilmington *Dispatch*, replied to him.

We cannot refrain from expressing the opinion that it is unfortunate, and detrimental to peace and good feeling, that Northern men should feel it a duty to come South to teach us our duty. The great mass of the people of North Carolina are ready and willing to submit to reconstruction on the Congressional plan, but they don't like outside interference. If office seekers and politicians would let the people (white and black) alone, everything would work right, and there would be no contention and strife. We repeat, that we are for leaving the work of reconstruction to be perfected by those that Congress considers loyal, but we protest again outside interference because we think that it can only result in harm.

We cordially endorse every word of the foregoing from the Charlotte *Democrat*, received this morning. *We* are for leaving the work of reconstruction to those whom Congress considers loyal. To find out who they are, we must look to the terms of the Reconstruction Act, and there alone. It is the only present guide by which we can possibly be governed.

If Radical emissaries will only keep away from the State, we shall get along pretty well. The *Democrat* will perceive, from certain outgivings, that we are to have an extraordinary importation of a more extraordinary character before long.

The New Orleans *Republican* says that 4,000 voters have been registered in New Orleans under the reconstruction act. The registration is now going on in all parts of Louisiana.

The colored people of Alabama, who have been in mass convention at Mobile for two days, declare themselves a part of the Republican party, and claim the right to sit on juries and to hold office. The convention has adjourned.

The Fredericksburg, Va., woollen factory now manufactures 6,000 yards of cloth a week. One week recently 6,278 yards were made.

One firm in San Francisco is shipping from 30,000 to 50,000 barrels of flour to New York by every steamer.

The total amount of money raised by the Brooklyn, New York, Southern Relief Association, up to April the 29th, was $9,008.

Ladies of Great Britian, to the number of 3,968, petition Parliament to allow their sex to vote.

Louis Napoleon or Napoleon III is fifty-nine years old.

THE BOARD OF CLAIMS.

We publish below the information, alluded to in our issue of yesterday as necessary to a proper understanding of the powers of the Commissioners of Claims, the nature of the claims that may be submitted for their adjudication, and the rules by which the Board will be governed:

ORDINANCE OF CONVENTION.

AN ORDINANCE RECOGNIZING THE JUST DEBTS OF NORTH CAROLINA AND PROHIBITING THE PAYMENT OF ALL PUBLIC DEBTS CREATED OR INCURRED IN AID OF THE LATE REBELLION.

1. *Be it declared and ordained by the delegates of the people of the State of North Carolina, in Convention assembled, and it is hereby declared and ordained*, That it shall be the duty of the General Assembly of the State, so soon as is practicable, to provide for the payment of all debts and obligations created or incurred by the State, otherwise than in aid of the late rebellion.

2. *Be it further declared and ordained*, That all debts and obligations created or incurred by the State, in aid of the late rebellion, directly or indirectly, are void, and no General Assembly of this State shall have power to assume, or provide for the payment of the same, or any portion thereof; nor shall any General Assembly of this State have power to assume, or provide for the payment of any portion of the debts or obligations created or incurred, directly or indirectly, by the late so called Confederate States, or by its agents, or under its authority.

[*Ratified in Convention, this 19th of October*, 1865.]

EDWIN G. READE, President.
JAMES H. MOORE, Sec. of the Convention.
R. C. BADGER, Assistant Secretary.

AN ACT RELATING TO DEBTS CONTRACTED DURING THE WAR.

Whereas, The Convention of the State of North Carolina, by an Ordinance ratified the 19th day of October, 1865, declared and ordained that all debts and obligations created by the State in aid of the late rebellion are void, and that no General Assembly shall have power to assume or provide for their payment: *And whereas* it is made the duty of the General Assembly to provide for the payment of debts created otherwise than in aid of the rebellion: *And whereas* it is necessary to ascertain what debts are void and what are not void under the said ordinance: Therefore,

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That it shall be the duty of the Governor to appoint three discreet persons Commissioners, whose duty it shall be to investigate all claims against the State on account of any debt or obligation created during the late war, with power to take testimony, administer oaths, send for persons and papers, and to adopt such rules and regulations as may be deemed necessary to enable them to distinguish between debts created for war purposes, and whose duty it shall be to report all such claims to the next session of this General Assembly.

SEC. 2. *Be it further enacted*, That the said Commissioners shall take an oath for the faithful discharge of their duties, and shall be paid, not exceeding the sum of five dollars each, per day, while engaged under this Act; which, with any other expenses that may be incurred in carrying into effect this Act, shall be paid out of any moneys, not otherwise appropriated, on the warrant of the Governor.

SEC. 3. *Be it further enacted*, That this Act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

Ratified March 4, 1867.

A true copy of the original on file in this office.
R. W. BEST, *Secretary of State.*

EXTRACTS FROM RULES OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF CLAIMS.

Bonds issued during the war, under authority of acts of Assembly passed previous thereto, and used only for civil purposes, are not repudiated.

All Bonds and Treasury Notes issued under the authority of acts of Assembly and ordinances of the Convention, passed between January 1st, 1861, and April 13th, 1865, and stated in such acts or ordinances to be specifically for war purposes, are presumed to be repudiated by the ordinance of 19th. October, 1865.

Bonds and Treasury notes, issued under the same authority, and stated in said acts or ordinances to be "For the relief of the Treasury," or "To provide the ways and means, &c," are presumed to be repudiated.

All Bonds, Treasury Notes, or other evidences of debt, received in payment of claims against the State, of a purely civil nature, or received in exchange or payment of Bonds held against the State, when such Bonds so held were undoubtedly good and binding, on proof of said payment or exchange, and on further proof that said Bonds or notes have remained and are now held and owned by those who originally received them, are not repudiated; or if so, the original claim or debt should be paid by the State.

Claims against the State for services rendered, or supplies furnished, in any of the war departments, are repudiated. Such claims for services, or supplies and arrearages of salary of Judicial and other purely civil officers, not connected with the war, are not repudiated.

Each claim must be accompanied by a plain statement of its foundation and merits, and a reference to the law or authority supporting it.

Each claim must present distinctly the items of which it may consist, including, in cases where applicable, quantities and prices.

Claims for articles furnished by others and paid for by the claimant must be accompanied by the proper voucher.

Every person presenting a claim shall make affidavit before the Board, or a Clerk of a Court of Record, or one of the Judges of the Supreme or Superior Courts, to the truth of the facts presented in the claim; and that he or she is the sole owner of such claim; or if others are interested, shall state who they are, and in what proportion.

Claims of an unlike nature due the same person, should be made separately, but should be presented to the Board at the same time.

Papers once presented to the Board will be regarded as filed and under its control.

Claims prepared in accordance with these regulations may be forwarded by mail or otherwise to the Chairman of the Board at Raleigh.

Commissioners { J. C. HARPER, Chairman. R. H. BATTLE, H. W. HUSTED

THEO. H. HILL, Clerk.
RALEIGH, May 6th., 1867.

Mr. George Peabody, the munificent philanthropist, in answer to the intimations of some friends, declines being considered as a possible candidate for the next term of the Presidency; but says that if his suggestion would avail anything, his choice would be Robert C. Winthrop, of Massachusetts.

VIRGINIA AND NORTH CAROLINA.

We make the following extract from the travelling correspondent of the New York *Herald*, in relation to the state of things in Virginia and North Carolina. There is more truth in it than we usually find in the letters of Northern correspondents from the South, yet there is some exaggeration.

What he says, in the first sentence, of the feelings of the Virginians, in regard to reconstruction, is correct, and is equally applicable to North Carolina. From the amount of internal revenue collected in North Carolina and reported at Washington, we had supposed our revenue officers were doing their duty. The correspondent is however pretty severe upon the N. C. Assessors and Collectors, and we publish his remarks to call their attention to it. We had no idea that frauds upon the revenue were committed to such an extent. The correspondent says:

"I conversed with a large number of planters as well as manufacturers, all of whom work an average number of fifty hands, and they represent the prospect as not at all encouraging. They mainly attribute the great suffering and destitution as a result of the unsettled political state of the country. "Restore us to the Union," they say, "and we will soon regain our prosperity. Our labor is the best that can be procured, the negroes will work, when paid, and, when able, we are content and willing to pay them. At any rate, arrive at some sort of settlement that will define our real position, and let there be an end of political wrangling. We are as loyal to-day as any Northern citizen." Such are the general sentiments of people in the country, and I find they all accept the terms of the Military bill from necessity, as well as they believe it may be the final act of oppression towards them.

The counties above alluded to comprise the Southern portion of the State, and are, as I said before, justly celebrated for their tobacco growing qualities; but in the adjoining counties in North Carolina, namely, Warren, Granville, Franklin, Wake, Person, Caswell, Alamance, Orange, Guilford, Rockingham, Davie, Davidson and Iredell, the best grades and qualities of tobacco are also grown. Planters and the people generally in this section are more prosperous than in Virginia. Previous to the war the raw article of tobacco used chiefly to be shipped, as in the Virginia counties, to either Lynchburg, Petersburg, Danville or this city, where it was manufactured and re-shipped north or south, as demand occasioned. A different system has, however, lately been pursued by the tobacco growers in this section, which, though unjust towards others and illegal in its practice, has resulted not only beneficially to themselves, but to the whole country in which they live. Here I found the people to be in comparatively good circumstances, and I was inclined to think they had been specially blessed. The houses all presented a thrifty appearance, with happy faces within, the negro cabins neat and comfortable, their inmates well clad and contented, and everything indicating a prosperity now so uncommon to the Southern States. A mystery was here evident, which, after careful observation, was soon solved, and I found that business success and prosperity was nothing more than the result of the absence of those government leeches known as revenue officers. This was the explanation—illicit traffic in tobacco was extensively carried on here, and the government was defrauded out of its heavy taxes. Diligent inquiry into the matter showed me that while assessors, collectors and inspectors were numerous in Virginia, in North Carolina, in this section, one could hardly be found. I could not help congratulating these peaceful and happy people for such a happy riddance, but they must sooner or later be subjected to the rigors of the law, and in justice to their Virginia neighbors I feel it my duty to bring the matter to public notice.

In all of the counties named in North Carolina the very finest qualities of tobacco are grown. Here that celebrated sun-cured tobacco, such a luxury in the South, is made; from this section came those brands that took the prizes at the recent fairs held in Louisville, St. Louis and Cincinnati, and here alone can be manufactured tobacco that will be used in the South. This last fact established, the growers and manufacturers were not slow to take advantage of it, and since the close of the war they have shipped their tobacco southwards in wagons and by other modes, instead of through the regular channels of commerce that others were subjected to.

This rich country has been comparatively overlooked by the tax gatherers of the government, and this year there will not be less than twenty thousand hogsheads of tobacco sent by clandestine means to the South, so as to escape the vigilance of revenue officers and custom house officials. Such proceedings, while beneficial to these people, are entirely unjust towards their Virginia neighbors, who are forced to pay the utmost cent, and whose trade is in consequence materially injured.

Illicit distilleries also flourish in profusion in this section, and if the tobacco frauds are bad the whisky ones are much worse. Virginia is flooded with revenue inspectors, detectives and special investigating agents, while North Carolina is destitute of them; or, if such persons are there, they are either located remote from the scene of their duties, or they are evidently interested in the immense swindles carried on there. Tobacco and whisky are manufactured, bought and sold fifty per cent cheaper than elsewhere, and fortunes are realized from the trade."

LO! THE POOR SENATOR.—Senator Wilson is still on the wing, "way down South in Dixie," and by our exchanges we observe that he is but a few days behind Dan Castello's monkeys, trained donkeys, and other intelligent quadrupeds. He may catch up with them yet. Of the tour of the talking Senator, the New York *Times* discourseth thusly:

"Senator Wilson's Southern tour seems to be a case of great cry and little wool. The flock surrounds him, but there is no shearing done, and he is likely to come back empty-handed. The blacks listen to him, but wonder what all the pother is about.—The whites let him alone, and have not paid him the compliment of getting angry at anything he has said. He has rated them to his heart's content. And they hear with civility, if not with respect, and then Mr. Wilson packs up his stock of platitudes and diatribes and takes himself off unnoticed to the next town. It seems rather dull sort of work. It is not, we may be sure, exactly what the Senator bargained for.—If there had been a disturbance anywhere what a theme it would have supplied him with—what a martyr he would have returned! As it is, he comes back in the position of one who thought to move the universe, and finds that he has not made so much stir as a gadfly in summer. The Southern people soon found out that it was not an earthquake or whirlwind which had come among them, but only a reed shaken by the wind. And we say that this is very discouraging for poor Mr. Wilson, and we hope he will bear up bravely under his adversities."

The President has concluded to make glad the hearts of another batch of repentant Confederates, whose petitions for pardon have been gathering dust in official pigeon holes for the last six months. He has directed that all the applications awaiting consideration be prepared for his approval. There are about 150 of them.

The Montgomery *Mail* reports that General Johnston is a heavy loser by the Parkman defalcation. The General had deposited all his money in the Selma National Bank.

Those who were complaining that Surratt was not brought back to this country soon enough, now think he came too soon.

DIED,

On the 26th. of April, at the residence of her mother, Mrs. P. Carter, in Murfreesboro', N. C. after a brief illness, Mrs. MONGAN, wife of John A. Morgan, of Pasquotank, in the 22d. year of her age.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

OFFICE N. C. R. R. CO.,
COMPANY SHOPS, May 5th. 1867.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE, TRAINS ON the North Carolina Rail Road will arrive at and depart from the City of Raleigh, according to the following:

MAIL TRAIN.

	arrive,	depart
Going North	9.18 A. M.	9.28 A. M.
Going South	3.50 P. M.	4.05 P. M.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.

	arrive,	depart.
Going North	10.40 P. M.	11.20 P. M.
Going South	5.12 A. M.	6.00 A. M.

Mail Train makes close connections with Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road.

JAMES ANDERSON,
my 7-230-6t Sup't.

ILLINOIS LANDS WANTED.

50,000 ACRES OF GOOD FARMING Lands in Illinois wanted. Also, 20,000 acres of good Iowa land. Address, giving numbers of the lands and lowest cash price.

E. C. DAVIDSON,
my 7-230-3t Real Estate Ag't, Galesburg, Ill.

MEAL, MEAL, MEAL.

75 Bushels fresh ground white MEAL, on Consignment.

B. F. WILLIAMSON & CO.
my 7-230-tf

NOTICE.

Persons owing the late firm of Wm. B. SMITH & CO., must make payment before May Court. All debts unpaid at that time will *certainly be put in a train of collection*. Messrs. WILLIAMS & LAMBETH, Booksellers, No. 40, Fayetteville Street, are authorized to receive and receipt for monies paid.

R. W. YORK,
my 7-230-cm2w Trustee.

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGENTS FOR

FAIRBANK'S PLATFORM AND COUNTER Scales, Evans and Watson's Fire and Burglar proof Safes, Marble Monuments and Tombstones, Carey's Sugar and Syrup Evaporators, Carey's improved Sorghum Mills, Sulky Plows, Cider Mills, &c., &c.
mar 29-198-1t

NEW ARRIVALS

OF

SPRING AND

SUMMER GOODS.

MAY STYLES.

MOZAMBIQUES, GRENADINES

AND POPLINETTS.

—ALSO,—

LADIES' AND MISSES' HATS,

SEA-SIDES,

SUN-DOWNS

ALMAS, &c.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
May 6-229-tf

PRINTS! PRINTS!! PRINTS!!!

A beautiful Stock of New and Fresh Prints, Cheap.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
my 6-229-tf

RALEIGH AND GASTON R. R. Co., SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C. May 6th. 1867.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE ON R. & G. R. R.

ON and after May 7th. 1867, trains will run on R. & G. R. R. as follows: Daily

Mail trains leave Raleigh	9.30 A. M.
Arrive at Weldon	2.30 P. M.
Mail trains leave Weldon	10.30 A. M.
Arrive at Raleigh	3.50 P. M.
Freight train arrives at Raleigh	4.30 P. M.
" leaves "	6.30 A. M.

The mail trains make THROUGH connections with all points North and South as quick as any other route.

W. G. LEWIS,
May 6-229-tf Gen. Supt.
Progress and Standard copy till forbid.

COTTON PLOWS.

Just received another supply of March's New Patented COTTON PLOW. They give universal satisfaction.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
my 6-229-tf Agent.

CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO.

In store a good supply of cheap Chewing and Smoking Tobacco.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
my 6-229-tf Com. Merchant.

SUGARS! COFFEES!! TEAS!!!

SYRUPS!

CRUSHED SUGAR,
A. B. & C. SUGAR,
PORTO RICO SUGAR.

OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA COFFEE,
PRIME GREEN LAGUAYRA,
BEST RIO COFFEE.

DELICIOUS GREEN AND BLACK TEA,

and extra Golden Syrup, which are just to hand and will be sold on most accommodating terms, by

DOUGLAS BELL.
my 6-229-tf

FAMILY FLOUR.

Another lot—quality warranted, by

DOUGLAS BELL.
my 6-229-tf

FOR SALE OR RENT.

A NEAT COTTAGE, CONTAINING 4 ROOMS with fire places, situated in a beautiful Grove, convenient to business. There is a Kitchen, Smoke House and a well of delightful water on the lot, which contains nearly an acre.

The garden is large, very productive and enclosed with a good fence lately repaired.

Terms very moderate.

APPLY AT THIS OFFICE.
my 6-229-2aw4

MISCELLANEOUS.

SECOND GRAND OPENING

OF THIS SEASON

AT

SMITH'S,

No. 25 Sycamore Street,

PETERSBURG, VA.

Thirty Thousand Dollars Worth

OF

FRESH GOODS OPENING THIS DAY.

THE ABOVE NAMED STOCK HAS BEEN SELECTED with much taste and judgment, and at the very great REDUCTION recently made in prices of all kinds of

DRY GOODS,

AND WILL BE SOLD CORRESPONDINGLY LOW.

This is decidedly the largest and best stock of

DRY GOODS

In Virginia and offers inducements to purchasers unsurpassed anywhere. No effort will be spared to give satisfaction to all.

TO THE MERCHANTS OF

Virginia and North Carolina,

I WOULD SAY SEND IN YOUR ORDERS,

You will be delighted with the BEAUTIFUL GOODS you will receive in return, and at the

LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

To our numerous customers at a distance, I return my grateful thanks and request their orders for samples, guaranteeing in every instance entire satisfaction.

To our numerous friends and patrons in the city and vicinity, I would especially say, that in many respects the Stock was never so desirable or complete, embracing many

NEW AND DESIRABLE ARTICLES

IN EVERY DEPARTMENT,

And will, therefore, refrain from a numeration, except to call especial attention to

THE DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT,

which surpasses anything heretofore offered in this market. An early call will secure the most

DESIRABLE SHADES,

PATTERNS, &c., &c.

Thankful for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended, I hope by strict attention to the necessities and interest of my customers, to merit its continuance to the entire extent of their wants in the DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT.

THOMAS SMITH.
my 4-228-4c

CROCKERY, QUEENSWARE,

AND

GLASS-WARE.

I BEG LEAVE TO ANNOUNCE TO THE CITIzens of Raleigh and vicinity, that I have added to my already extensive business, an especial department for

CROCKERY AND GLASS-WARE,

and have taken great care to select the goods with a view of making this a first-class Grocery store.

I have the largest and best selected assortment to be found in this city, consisting of FINE CHINA SETTS, (plain, gilded and painted,) all of latest styles and patterns, STONEWARE, COMMON WARE, and EARTHEN WARE.

IN GLASS-WARE,

Our assortment is complete, consisting of

Fine Cut Glass Goblets, Tumblers, Wine Glasses, and Dishes of all Sizes,

Looking Glasses

of every description, made of the very best German and American Glass.

The Department of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

has just been fitted out with the most fashionable and desirable Goods, and the recent decline in prices and the particular attention I have given in selecting the goods, will enable me to please every body in style and price. I therefore invite my old customers and the public generally to call and examine my goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Besides, he is still prepared to furnish the people with

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

in as great variety as heretofore, embracing the best qualities as to style, make and quality. He invites an inspection of the same from purchasers.

In addition, I will mention my first-class

GROCERY STORE,

which is kept up at all times with the best and finest Family Groceries and sold at the lowest market prices.

A. KLINE.
Cor. Fayetteville and Hargett Sts.
May 2-226-2m.

J. H. CRAWFORD,

Mechanical and Operative Dentist,

RALEIGH, N. C.

OFFICE OVER PESCUD'S OLD DRUG STORE.

OFFICE HOURS:

From 8 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 3 to 6 P. M.

Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, and the local anesthetic or Ether spray.
my 4-225-eodly

IRISH POTATOES!!

Twenty-five Barrels Superior Irish Potatoes just received, which will be sold low to the trade. Also, another lot of that superior Butter.

DOUGLAS BELL.
April 25-221-tf

BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

THE GENERAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of this Bank will be held at the Banking House in the City of Raleigh, on Thursday the 13th. day of June next.

C. DEWEY,
Raleigh, N. C. my 6-229-3taw Cashier.
Progress copy.

HARDWARE!

HARDWARE!!

HARDWARE!!!

AXES, SHOVELS,
SPADES, HOES,
PITCH FORKS,
POCKET AND TABLE
CUTLERY, SPOONS,
TEA-KETTLES, SKIVES,
FRY PANS, STOCK
AND PAD LOCKS,
HATCHETS, HAMMERS,
NAILS, SCREWS,
TACKS, HOOK AND
EYE HINGES, N. L.
BUTTS, AUGUR
BITS AND GIMLETS.

Which I am selling very cheap to close out lot.

DOUGLAS BELL,
April 18-215-tf Market Square.

GRAND PRESENTATION CONCERT

IN AID OF THE

SOUTHERN ORPHAN

ASSOCIATION,

INCORPORATED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF VIRGINIA,

June 20th. 1867,

To be Given at Baltimore, June 17th.

1867.

TICKETS ONE DOLLAR EACH, TO BE HAD of JOHN BRAGG, Agent, at Southern Express Office, Raleigh, N. C.

Owing to recent troubles, the Managers have issued the following Card to which the attention of the Public is called:

OFFICE PRESENTATION CONCERT,
Baltimore, April 13, 1867.

MESSRS. EDITORS.—Our attention has been called to extracts in Southern papers reflecting upon the management of the Presentation Concert in aid of the Southern Orphan Association, and in answer to the statements and assertions contained in such extracts we wish to lay the whole matter before the people, that they may judge from the actions of our accusers the motives by which they are governed. We call attention to the facts contained in the following card, and request the public to bear in mind that the parties mentioned were only members invested with no authority to act in any official capacity whatever. The power they sought to usurp would give them full control of the books and funds, by which they could shape the first to suit them, and withdraw the latter from the bank, where it is now, subject to the order of the Association:

[From the Baltimore Gazette April 11.]

TO THE PUBLIC.

The Southern Orphan Association being liable to misrepresentation in consequence of the late arrest of some of its members on charges preferred by Mr. A. G. Kimberly, we beg leave to present the following statements in regard to the Association and its accusers:

At the inception of the Society the ladies connected with its origin, in view of difficulties that might arise in procuring a charter, determined to admit as members such gentlemen as were supposed to be proper to advise and assist them. Some of these gentlemen apparently worked for the sole benefit of the Association until the Charitable Concert was proposed. After that their actions showed but too plainly that they desired to obtain control of the Association.

At a meeting of the Trustees upon the 8th. of March a constitution, drawn up by Messrs. Kimberly and Hawkins, investing them with full power and authority to handle the funds of the Association and to examine its books was proposed by Mr. Kimberly, and upon a vote being taken, it was laid aside. The ladies with some exceptions, rejected it and the President and Treasurer, not recognizing the legality of the document, refused to vote. In this manner it was laid over. Notwithstanding this, the parties resolved themselves into committees and set to work.

On the 3d. of April a committee, consisting of Messrs. Kimberly and Bostock, under the so called constitution, came to our office and demanded the books. The President being present, stated that having refused to accept the constitution, she would not recognise the committee. On the 4th. Mr. Kimberly called, with two gentlemen, and again demanded the books, and was again refused.

On the 5th. by request of Messrs. Kimberly, Hawkins and Bostock, we, with two witnesses attended an interview with them at Barnum's Hotel. Mr. Hawkins stated that he had that morning received a letter from General Trimble, authorizing him to prosecute us for having opened one of the General's letters, which he intended to do to the full extent of the law if we did not give up the books. As the officers should decide this, we told him that he would be answered next day. On that evening the officers and ourselves were arrested on a warrant issued by Mr. Kimberly, and released on bail. The next evening Mr. Hawkins issued a warrant for the arrest of our book keeper, Mr. Schiers, on the charge of having opened General Trimble's letter. As the charge was false, Mr. Schiers was dismissed. We see from this morning's "Sun" that these parties "announce their unqualified repudiation of the project," etc., which will be taken for what it is worth, when it will be shown that they repudiated, etc., because they lost their large commissions in the rejections of their farms and houses by the Society.

The offices and rank they append to their signatures are of their own creation, as the Society wishes the public to understand that it does not recognize the name and office of "Finance Committee" as ever having been created by said society.

We here leave the public to determine the motives of our accusers, for, to our mind, a simple narration of the above facts is sufficient to show that the Association and ourselves are attacked because we would not suit the purposes of Messrs. Hawkins, Bostock and Kimberly.

L. T. PALMER & CO.

In consequence of the persecution arising from our late connection with these persons, we are compelled to postpone the GRAND CHARITABLE PRESENTATION CONCERT to the SEVENTEENTH DAY OF JUNE, 1867. This will give us ample time to dispose of all the tickets, and it will afford the public an opportunity to investigate the facts which we have published, thus gaining that confidence which is necessary to ensure the success of every public measure.

We do not wish these statements to be taken unsubstantiated, as we cordially invite an investigation of the enterprize. The grand jury of this city presented us, and we hoped that they would go further and indict us, for we wished to prove to the world our honesty and disinterestedness in this measure, which could not be better done than in an investigation by the grand inquest.

It now remains with the public whether the "Home and School" shall be built. Whether the poor, fatherless children of the South, whose parents' blood was shed in defence of Southern homes, shall be deprived of the blessings which this enterprise seeks to obtain for them. Must we appeal in vain? No, it shall not be said that the Southern people were so ungenerous as to condemn those who are seeking to benefit the children of the soldiers who died for them, upon the evidence of men who, when they saw their own mercenary aims frustrated, sought to cover their guilt by bringing charges on us. Charges which, in the only trial that was allowed us, were proved to be as false as perjury could make them.

L. T. PALMER & CO.

Mrs. J. L. HAMMOND, President, Mrs. E. A. F. MEARES, Treasurer, Mrs. McCURBIN and Mrs. SCHIERS, Trustees of the Southern Orphan Association, have also published a card. The following are extracts:

"We invite an examination of our books and the funds now accumulating in bank subject to the order of the Association, for the purpose of erecting the home and school for the orphans of the "Confederate dead" in the city of Richmond, Virginia. Nothing that we can say will testify more accurately the correctness of our plans than an investigation of our books and funds, and it was because we, as custodians of these treasures, would not surrender them to dishonest men, that we are now subject to their persecutions and abuse.

We have seen the horrors and devastation of the late war, and know the immense amount of suffering occasioned by it. Homes were rendered cheerless by the loss of its head, who fell fighting for the homes of the South, and it was our sympathy for the poor and friendless orphans of the South that caused us to enter into the resolution of securing for them a home and providing an education, as may render them hereafter good and useful citizens of a free and happy land.

We confess, however, that if we could have looked through the future and seen the trials and persecutions to which we are subjected, we would have never attempted to begin so thankless a work. But now, having embarked in it, our reputation is at stake, and we must build the Home and School; therefore we call upon all good people to assist us toward the completion of our work by discrediting the assertions made by our enemies. And we ask—nay, we demand that those papers whose opinions were founded upon the acts of our employees, should give to the public our statements, and modify their assertions so as to be in strict accordance with the facts.

Not long since, Messrs. L. T. Palmer & Co., published a card which, as we apprehend it then, we will officially endorse it now, that the information contained therein may go forth to the public with every guarantee for its truthfulness.

In consequence of the delay occasioned by the conduct of the persons above alluded to, we have been compelled to inform our managers to postpone the Concert until the 17th. day of June, 1867, that we may be able to begin the building as soon as our Concert business shall end."

April 30-225-2w

SOUTHAMPTON HAMS.

Just received another lot of those Choice Hams, which will be sold low.

DOUGLAS BELL.
May 1-225-tf

BUTTER! BUTTER!!

A prime article to day received by

DOUGLAS BELL.
May 1-225-tf

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A *square* will be hereafter estimated at 15 minion lines, or 1¼ inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	2,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	3,00
One square two months	10,00
Each additional "	3,50
One square three months	12,00
Each additional "	4,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 15 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 7, 1867.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—R. W. York, Esq., Trustee of Wm. B. Smith & Co., gives notice to persons indebted to the late firm.

Attention is again called to the advertisement of Mitchell, Allen & Co., No. 22, Pollock St., Newbern.

Illinois Lands Wanted:—E. C. Davidson, Real Estate Agent, Galesburg, Illinois.

See announcement of change of Schedule on the North Carolina Railroad.

Freshly-ground white Meal:—B. P. Williamson & Co.

CHANGE OF PUBLICATION.—The untoward changes in the schedules of the Mail trains, which arrive at and depart from this city, recently made, oblige us, in order to give our readers the latest news, to change the time and plan of the publication of the Daily and Semi-Weekly *Sentinel*.

Our Eastern and Northern mails leave here at about ½ past 9 o'clock every morning. Therefore, in order to give our readers in the city, and on those routes, the latest news, we must go to press every morning at 8 o'clock. This, therefore, will be our morning paper. But, in order to do full justice to our readers on the Western route, we must go to press, adding in the latest news, at 3 o'clock, P. M., in order for it to go off on the Western train about 4 o'clock. This will be our evening edition.

But in order to begin this plan, we can issue no paper dated on Thursday next, it being necessary that the paper, heretofore dated, for instance, Thursday evening, should hereafter be dated Friday, the day after. This plan will, therefore, be commenced on Friday morning next. Hence, our subscribers will not look for the paper dated on Thursday next. The plan, however, will have this advantange, that, on all the mail routes, the daily and semi-weekly *Sentinel* will be issued immediately before the leaving of the mails—thus giving the latest news.

POSTPONEMENT.—We are requested to state that the Rev. J. S. Long's first Lecture, on the "Ethics of History," announced for this evening, will be postponed, on account of the inclemency of the weather, until to-morrow evening.

THERE IS no one, we are sure, who can read, without emotion, the touching little poem on our fourth page. It has the same charm, outside of its versification, of simplicity and *nature* about it that so commends Theo. H. Hill's beautiful "*Our Willie*" to the heart and to all tender sympathies.

WE ARE glad to see that our friend Pool, of the Newbern *Journal of Commerce*, is to be here, in a few days, in attendance upon the Literary Board. We are particularly anxious that he *should* come just at this particular time. A refreshing rain is bringing out the livery of leaf and flower most gloriously; and our "City of Oaks" will look like a very Queen of May, clad in emerald verdure, when the sun peeps out again. We have but one fear; and that is that our "Athenian" friend will return dissatisfied with his "Elm City" home.

A SITUATION.—A lady in Windsor writes us to make enquiry whether she can obtain, in this City, the services of a "neat, tidy young lady," or a good-sized girl, who understands sewing, and has a fair education, so that, in the absence of the lady, she could take charge of a small store. The wages would be small, at present, but the applicant would have an opportunity of learning the Millinery business and would have an excellent home. If any young lady in the community, who desires employment, would like to avail herself of this opportunity, we will take pleasure in giving her full information in the premises.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.—If there is any one thing which, more than another, marks the extreme of moral depravity, it is wanton cruelty to animals. So true is this, that even in the most vicious natures there frequently exists the redeeming trait of kindness to the brute creation. Sterne, who was a profligate in many respects, could weep over the expiring agonies of an ass. Nor was this a mawkish sensibility, as has been so popularly charged, but the recognition of the irresistible claim which the brute creation has upon our *humanity*. These remarks have been suggested by an instance which fell under our observation, this morning, of cruelty to a dog, which could only have had for its object the gratification of idle mirth. The poor animal was badly injured and its moans indicated intense suffering. Very bad men or very bad boys alone could have been guilty of so wanton and brutal an act.

The beer sold in Minnesota is said to be adulterated with phosphorus.

HABEAS CORPUS.

Last Wednesday the following petition was presented:

MR. JEFFERSON DAVIS—HIS PETITION TO THE UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

To the Honorable the Judge of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Virginia:

The petition of Jefferson Davis, by George Shea, his attorney in fact, in his behalf, respectfully showeth:

That he is, and ever since the 19th of May, 1865, has been, restrained of his liberty, and held in close custody as a prisoner in jail in that certain strong place of and belonging to the Government of the United States, called Fort Monroe, within the said District of Virginia; and that Brigadier General Henry S. Burton is now the Commander of said Fort Monroe, and as such holds your petitioner in his custody.

That no ground of detention is alleged to the knowledge of your petitioner, or his said attorney in fact, unless it be a certain indictment presented against your petitioner at the May term of the above entitled court, held in the year 1866, of which a copy is hereunto annexed, marked A.

Your petitioner further shows that the said May term was adjourned to meet at Richmond, on the fourth day of June, in the year last aforesaid. That at said adjourned term your petitioner appeared by his counsels and urged a trial at said adjourned term, offering to proceed without delay; but that the Government declined to proceed on said indictment. Your petitioner further shows that at the subsequent term of this court, your petitioner appeared in like manner; but the Government did not bring on the trial.

Your petitioner further shows that his imprisonment aforesaid has greatly impaired his health, and that the continuance thereof through the ensuing summer would involve serious danger to his life, as your petitioner believes.

Your petitioner further says that ample sureties for his appearance to abide judgment on said indictment can be given, if your petitioner shall be admitted to bail.

Your petitioner further shows that his detention, imprisonment and custody aforesaid, always have been and are exclusively under or by color of the authority of the United States, and that he has reason to apprehend that the Government may not proceed to the trial upon said indictment at the next ensuing term of said Court, which is to be held in Richmond on the first Monday of May, 1867.

Whereupon your petitioner prays that a writ of habeas corpus may issue from this Honorable Court, to be directed to Brigadier General Henry S. Burton, aforesaid, and whomsoever may hold your petitioner in custody, commanding him or them to have the body of your petitioner before the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Virginia, on the first Monday of May, 1867, at the opening of the court on that day, or at such other time as in the said writ may be specified, for the purpose of inquiring into the cause of the commitment and detention of your petitioner, and to do and abide such order as this court may make in the premises.

And your petitioner will ever pray.

JEFFERSON DAVIS,
By George Shea, his Attorney in fact.

United States of America, District of Columbia, ss.: George Shea, being duly sworn, says, that he is attorney in fact for the petitioner in the preceding petition named; that he is acquainted with the petitioner, and saw him in close custody, as a prisoner, in Fort Monroe, in the month of March last; that he, this deponent, has a general knowledge of the facts in the above petition stated, and that he verily believes the said petition to be in all respects true.

GEORGE SHEA.

Subscribed and sworn before me, this 1st day of May, 1867, at Alexandria, Va.

JOHN C. UNDERWOOD, District Judge.

It is understood that the petition for this writ was first made to Chase, and refused. It was then made to Underwood, who granted the writ, and, it is said, made it returnable on the 13th of May. The Washington reports about this matter are so unintelligible that nothing seems to be ascertained except that the writ has been issued, and that General Burton will be directed to obey it.

MR. FROELICH, a resident of Kenansville, Duplin county, has planted a Vineyard, and made a comfortable home for himself and family. Mr. F. is a foreigner by birth, but has been in this section of country for several years, and, we think, for the last five or six years has resided at Kenansville, Duplin county. During this time, he has acquired, through his own exertions, quite a handsome homestead, upon which he has a beautiful Vineyard and orchard. He manufactures, we learn, an excellent Wine, a sample of which he has presented us with. Now we do not allude to Mr. Froelich's Wines for the purpose of bringing them before the public, but to draw attention to what industry and perseverance can accomplish. Mr. F. commenced here during the war, and met with several severe reverses, but he never gave up in despair. Others can do the same if they will. It affords us pleasure to record such evidences of industry and prosperity. We hope to be able to publish more of them in the future.—*Wil. Journal.*

GENERAL GRANT.—It is becoming more and more evident that the Radicals, jealous of the well established fame of General Grant, are doing their best to undermine his reputation. The particular incentive to these attacks at the present time, is the possibility of the nomination of the General for the Presidency in 1868. Until recently, these assaults were covert. Within a few weeks, however, the *Tribune* has admitted into its columns a number of undisguised flings at his military reputation, while the last number of the *Anti-Slavery Standard* prints in a most conspicuous place an article from an obscure paper in Missouri, which contains an open charge against General Grant's private character, too gross, in fact, to be printed in any decent newspaper. It is plain, therefore, that the Radicals have determined that the present General-in-Chief shall not be the next President, and will stop at no means, however dishonorable, to accomplish their purpose.—*N. Y. World.*

CHARLESTON S. C., May 3.—The street-car difficulty was at last settled to-day by the directors agreeing to admit all classes of citizens to all the cars. But few negroes availed themselves of the privilege, although the concession was not generally known.

Senator Wilson addressed a large audience on Citadel Green this afternoon. About two thousand negroes and two hundred whites were present. His speech was two hours long, and consisted mainly in the arraignment of South Carolina as the foremost champion of slavery, and in advising the people, white and black, to unite upon the platform of the Union Republican party.

PHILADELPHIA, May 3.—Judge Kelley, accompanied by Colonel John H Taggart, started for a Southern tour, to occupy about six weeks. They intend visiting Nashville, Memphis, Vicksburg, and New Orleans, returning by the sea board route. Judge Kelley will take the stump against all comers, providing he has, at the close of argument, a half hour.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Tuesday Morning Dispatches.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS, AND OTHER WASHINGTON NEWS.

WASHINGTON, May 6, P. M.

The Supreme Court, in the case of the *Grey Jacket* and cargo, affirmed the decision of the lower Court, condemning her as a prize. The Court held that there was no proof that the claimant was not of the class excepted by the proclamation of the President of December 8th, 1863.

His own affidavit is not sufficient to establish the negation required to be proven. Both the proclamation and the statute of July 17th, 1862, are silent as to maritime captures like the present. But the proclamation will not be held, in any case, to extinguish the liability of a vessel and cargo running the blockade and seized in the act of so doing. The Court also holds that there is no ground for an order of further proof. The claimant has forfeited his right to such an order by fraud, and the evidence, as it exists, is satisfactory to the Court. The order of the Secretary of the Treasury, remitting for the future, does not affect the case, and if he does so his acts are void. The case has no feature which recommends it to the Court, or which redeems it in any respect.

The lower Court decisions in the cases of the Brig *Dashing Wave* and the Bark *Science*, both from the Eastern District of Louisiana, are confirmed.

The decree of the same Court, in the case of the Brig *Valiant*, is reversed, and restitution ordered.

In the case of the Bark *Geraldine*, from the same, the decree is affirmed and the Court ordered the captors to pay the costs and expenses.

Advices received at the Department of Agriculture indicate that the present will be the finest wheat crop for many years.

Secretary Browning is convalescent.

The Internal Revenue receipts to-day are $738,000.

Hon. L. H. Chandler, District Attorney for Eastern Virginia, has addressed a letter to the Secretary of War, requesting that the commandant of Fortress Monroe be directed to obey Judge Underwood's writ for Mr. Davis.

A petition, favoring the pardon of Mr. Davis, was started here to-day, but met with little favor with his nearest friends. It is well understood that Mr. Davis has not made and it is said, on good authority, that he will not make, any extra-judicial appeal under the circumstances.

Attorney General Stanberry closed the argument on the Georgia and Mississippi injunction cases, to-day. He spoke on the general principles, denying the jurisdiction of the Court. There was in the case no basis of property on which relief could be given. Only two of the ten States affected were here. It was not known but that the others were content. He argued that the Supreme Court was in the hands of Congress, which might so act as to destroy the efficiency of the Court by impeaching its Judges on false accusations or by denying them salaries requisite to their support. It rested with the people to secure honesty of legislation, and, to this basis, we must look for the preservation of the rights of citizenship and the integrity of the States.

The Court adjourned immediately on the close of the argument of the Attorney General.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, May 6, P. M

Cotton dull and declining. Sales of 700 bales at 27@27½, chiefly 27.

Flour firmer. State $11,20@$14,50. Southern mixed to good $13½@$14,90. Fancy to extra, $15@$19.

Corn—Western mixed $1,38@$1,40. New $1,30@$1,36

Lard firm 12½@13¾.

Naval stores quiet. Spirits Turpentine 72@73. Go'd $1,37½.

BALTIMORE, May 6 P. M

Cotton dull, 26½@27.

Corn active. Good to prime white $1,25@$1 27.

Mess pork $23,75. Lard 13¼.

WILMINGTON, May 6

Cotton quiet, 24.

Spirits Turpentine dull, 59. Rosin quiet, $3@$6.

Our Afternoon Dispatches.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, May 7.

The negroes attempted to get up a riot yesterday, by taking possession of the Rampart street cars appropriated to the use of the whites. The whites refuse to ride only in those appropriated to themselves. On Saturday night, the negroes threatened to force an entrance into the French Opera house. They seem to be determined to take advantage of the temporary reduction of the police force, on account of General Sheridan's order to the effect that one-half of the old force be discharged, and substituted with ex-Federal soldiers.

During a severe storm another crevasse occurred on the West bank of the river, thirteen miles above the city, which endangers the safety of the Algeirs, Grenada and Ohio Rail Road.

FROM RICHMOND—U. S. DISTRICT COURT

RICHMOND, May 6.

The United States District Court, Judge Underwood presiding, met here to-day. Among the members of the Grand Jury are Jno. M. Botts, Jos Segar, Lewis McKensie and five colored men. The Judge, in his charge, congratulated the Jury, and said that he was threatened with destruction by assassination, yet, thanks to Congress, the Court met now in security. This promised better things for Richmond, a city where the press had reached the lowest depths of profligacy, the pulpit had been prostituted by ministering gay lothorios, and licentousness had ruled until half the births were illegitimate. The jury would have a good deal of work, much of it created by the demoralization of the people, by a disloyal press, which had encouraged perjury and counterfeiting to cheat the Government. He called attention to the fact that negroes were not allowed the freedom of the street cars.

The *Examiner* has information that the session of the Court will be prolonged until the adjournment of the Supreme Court, when Chief Justice Chase will come here and preside at the trial of Mr. Davis.

L. H. Chandler, the prosecuting attorney, is now in New York, consulting with Evarts, Mr. Davis' Counsel, about the trial.

Mr. Davis will probably be brought here and then held by the civil authorities until the trial. Chief Justice Chase is expected here next week.

REGISTRATION IN WASHINGTON—CONOVER.

WASHINGTON, May 7.

The registration is completed unless the Court orders further registering. The record stands: Whites 8,240; Blacks 7,371.

The execution of Conover's sentence is stayed until June.

FROM BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, May 7.

Judge Scott has appointed Ex-Confederate Commodore Geo. Hollins to be an officer in the new court. Com. Hollins resigned a Federal post-captaincy, on joining the Confederacy.

FOREIGN NEWS.

LONDON, May 7.

McCaffarty has been convicted of high treason at Dublin.

Notwithstanding the preliminaries looking to peace, France and Prussia are both rapidly arming, which produces great distrust in Financial circles here and elsewhere.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, May 7, P. M.

Cotton dull—a shade easier.

Gold $1,37¼.

LIVERPOOL, May 7, 3 P. M.

Cotton quiet. Uplands 11¼@11¼. Orleans 11¼.

And old negro woman accounts for the lack of discipline among youngsters from the fact that their mothers wear gaiters. "Ye see when we wore low shoes, an' the children wanted a whippin', we just tuk off a shoe mighty quick an' gave 'em a good spankin'; but now, how's a body to get a gaiter off in time? So chil'en gets no whippin's at all now-a-days."

A man in Kentucky named Bedbug petitions the Legislature to change his name.

The great complaint of the Radicals, at present, is that the Southern whites treat the blacks too kindly!

Charles B., youngest son of Frederick Douglass, has been appointed a clerk of the Freedman's Bureau.

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES!

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26) G. B.	42
" Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	24
" Lexington, at Graham	20
" Roxborough	40
" Wadesborough	24
" Thomasville	40
" Wilmington	21
" Commerce	15
" Washington	6
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	7
Miners' and Planter's Bank	30
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	26
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	21
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	50
Greensborough Mutual	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	23
Gold	135
Silver	130
Old Coupons	40
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	80
Old Silver	70
Exchange on New York	4

Raleigh National Bank of North Carolina.

BUYING RATES—N. C. BANK NOTES.

Bank of Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	20
" Commerce	13
" Clarendon	3
" Fayetteville	5
" Lexington	10
" Lexington at Graham	20
" North Carolina	43
" Roxboro	40
" Thomasville	40
" Wadesboro	24
" Wilmington	20
" Washington	8
" Yanceyville	7
Commercial at Wilmington	20
Farmers' Greensboro. (Old)	25
Merchant's, Newbern	50
Miners' and Planters'	30
Virginia Bank notes, average	25
South Carolina "	21
Georgia "	20
Gold	133
Silver	128
Old North Carolina Coupons (fundable)	42
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	85
North Carolina 6's	40
Exchange on New York, ¼.	

SPECIAL NOTICES

10 CASES GENT'S FINE CALF BOOTS AT $4,00 a pair at
M. ROSENBAUM'S.
April 17-214-tf

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF ZEphyrs at 25 cts. per ounce at
M. ROSENBAUM'S.
April 17-214-tf

ALL THE LATEST STYLES GENT'S AND Boy's Hats at
M. ROSENBAUM'S.
April 17-214-tf

KNOW THY DESTINY.

MADAME E. F. THORNTON, the great English Astrologist, Clairvoyant and Psychometrician, who has astonished the scientific classes of the Old World, has now located herself at Hudson, N. Y. Madame Thornton possesses such wonderful powers of second sight, as to enable her to impart knowledge of the greatest importance to the single or married of either sex. While in a state of trance, she delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychomotrope, guarantees to produce a life-like picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, together with date of marriage, position in life, leading traits of character, &c. This is no humbug, as thousands of testimonials can assert. She will send when desired a certified certificate, or written guarantee that the picture is what it purports to be. By enclosing a small lock of hair and stating place of birth, age, disposition and complexion, and enclosing fifty cents and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture and desired information by return mail. All communications sacredly confidential. Address in confidence, MADAME E. F. THORNTON, P. O. Box 223, Hudson, N. Y.
Apr 6-205-1ydaw

FREE TO EVERYBODY.

A Large 6 pp. Circular, giving information o the greatest importance to the young of both sexes.

It teaches how the homely may become beautiful, the despised respected, and the forsaken loved.

No young lady or gentleman should fail to send their Address, and receive a copy post-paid, by return mail.

Address P. O. Drawer, 21,
April 6-205-1ydaw Troy, N. Y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JUST RECEIVED

AT

M. ROSENBAUM'S.

IN ADDITION TO HIS ALREADY LARGE, and well selected

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK,

100 of the latest styles and patterns

SILK SACQUES

AND MANTLES.

Also, MOZAMBIQUE and POPLIN SACQUES, for Summer wear.

PRINTS,

and all other domestic goods, in great variety, at
M. ROSENBAUM'S
No. 16, Fayetteville St.,
May 3-227-tf

JEWELRY, SILVER WARE, &C.

WM. H. THOMPSON,

WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER,

24 Fayetteville Street 24

RALEIGH, N. C.

HAS just returned from the North and opened at his old stand, a splendid variety of

Watches, Jewelry, Silver Plated Ware, &c.

repairing done neatly and with dispatch. He has also on hand a fine assortment of CLOCKS, GOLD PENS, POCKET KNIVES, &c.

A choice lot of elegant STATIONERY, also in Store, and many little nicetes that will repay inspection.

Old GOLD and SILVER bought and sold.
Feb 25-170-3m

DRY GOODS.

ARRIVED AT LAST.

T. Miles & Sons' fine French Calf Boots.
Fine French Calf Gaiters,
" " " Oxford Ties,
" Lasting " "
Ladies Gaiters and Bootees,
Children's, Misses and Boys shoes and gaiters at
April 29-223-tf GEO. T. COOKE'S.

HATS! HATS!!

Fashionable Moleskin Hats.
" Blk. Fine felt "
" White " "
Cashmere and Wool "
A large stock of Straw Hats, for boys and men, selling at reduced prices at
GEO. T. COOKE'S.
April 29-224-tf

PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS.

A beautiful stock of Parasols.
Umbrellas, small and large sizes, at
GEO. T. COOKE'S.
April 29-224-tf

50 DOZ. LADIES' LINEN CAMBRIC HANDkerchiefs, for sale Cheap at
GEO. T. COOKE'S.
April 29-224-tf

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The largest and finest stock of Gents' Boots and Shoes that can be found in the city, at
G. T. COOKE'S.
April 29-224-tf

HOME AGAIN.

ISAAC GETTINGER

is now in full receipt of his Spring and Summer stock of
DRY GOODS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS, SHOES, MILLINERY,
AND FANCY GOODS,
They will be sold at a very small advance on
FIRST COST.
The Millinery business will be carried on by
MRS. GETTINGER,
in all its branches, she having been North herself and visited the first Millinery establishments in the country laid in her own stock in person, and besides that, having a thorough knowledge of the business, will be enabled to suit one and all from *Rich to the poor.*

Opening day for Spring and Summer Bonnets will be on the 10th. day of April, to which all her lady friends are respectfully invited.

We are also introducing a new style HOOP-SKIRT called the
ODESSA PATENT COLLAPSING SKIRT,
a skirt far superior to anything that has ever been brought to this country. We ask an inspection of the same. You will not regret a walk to No. 48 Fayetteville Street.
April 4-203-3m

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE!

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING OUR friends and the public, that we have in store one of the most
COMPLETE AND BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENTS
of Goods, ever offered in this Market.
Our DRESS GOODS are composed of all the latest styles and novelties of the season.

Our Line of White Goods is Perfect, consisting of

MULL, NAINSOOK AND SWISS MUSLINS,
PLAIN, CHECKED AND STRIPED ORGANDIES, TARLETANS,
PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED LINEN AND MUSLIN SETTS, &c., &c.

Our goods are of the best quality and prices as low as any one can sell.
WE SELL STRICTLY FOR CASH, and are content with small profits.
All we ask is an examination of our stock and we think we can please.
A. N. & J. McKIMMON.
April 5-204-tf

Astonishing Low Prices.

BED SHEETING.

1,000 yds., Good 10-4 Bleached Sheeting, which will be sold at 62½c. per yard.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
April 16-213-tf

BLACK SILK WRAPPINGS.

200 Black Silk Mantles and Sacques from $5,00 to $40.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
April 16-213-tf

HOOP SKIRTS.

100 Doz. Latest Styles for Ladies and Misses, from 40 cts. to 4,00.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
April 16-213-tf

BROWN SHIRTING.

10 Bales Brown Shirting from 12½ c. to 25c.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
April 16-213-tf

BLEACHED SHIRTING.

5,000 Yds. of good Bleached Shirting from 12½c. to 25c.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
April 16-213-tf

BLACK AND BROWN DeBAGE.

2,000 Yds. Black and Brown DeBage at 15c.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
April 16-213-tf

950 YDS. PLAID HOMESPUN,

for Women's Dresses.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
April 16-213-tf

SHOES AND HATS.

FOR MEN, WOMEN, BOYS AND GIRLS FROM 25c. to $2,00
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
April 16-213-tf

FOR MEN AND BOYS.

500 Yds. heavy Linen Drill, slightly damaged by fresh water; will be sold at cost on account of the underwriters—a great bargain.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Wholesale & Retail Merchants,
April 16-213-tf Raleigh, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

NEAR SMITHFIELD, JOHNSTON Co., N. C.
April 29th, 1867.

Messrs. Editors—Please state in the *Sentinel*, that on Saturday, 11th. May, I desire to talk to the people of Raleigh, and of Wake County, men, women, and children, *without distinction of party* or of color, on "The Cause and Cure of our National troubles"

I have had no consultation with any one in reference to this announcement, but I feel impelled to beg, for that occasion, the presence and sympathy of all those in your city and county, who love the Southern States of the old American Union better than any other part of the earth's surface. Respectfully,
May 1-225-4t ED. W. POU.

EDWARD J. HALE & SON,

Wholesale Dealers in Books and Stationery,

HAVE REMOVED TO

No. 76 MURRAY STREET,

A FEW DOORS FROM BROADWAY, WHERE they are prepared to supply their Southern friends and the public, Booksellers, Merchants, Teachers, Professional gentlemen, and others, with all articles in their line at the most reasonable cash prices.
Address,
E. J. HALE & SON.
May 1-225-2m* 76 Murray Street, New York.

A CHANCE TO HAVE YOUR OLD FURNITURE REPAIRED AND RENOVATED.

HAVING OBTAINED THE SERVICES OF A No. 1 Upholsterer, we are prepared to do all kinds of UPHOLSTERING, with neatness and dispatch. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Old Mattresses renovated and made over.

Furniture of all kinds repaired and varnished and re-upholstered, and any thing in our line made to order promptly.
W. H. MORRISS & CO.
April 29-224-tf 18 Fayetteville St.

DRY GOODS.

1867. 1867.

FIRST GRAND OPENING OF NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

COME AND SEE THEM, AND IF THE GOODS AND PRICES SUIT YOU, BUY THEM.

I now take the pleasure of informing my numerous friends and customers that I have just returned from the North, and have now in Store,

10,000 Yards of Beautiful Spring

AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS,

embracing all the novelties of the season, which will be sold cheap enough to insure sales. Creech's is the place to buy your Dress Goods.

PRINTS! PRINTS!! PRINTS!!!

Just received 8,000 yards of beautiful Spring and Summer Calicoes, which will be sold as cheap as cheapest. Customers cannot do better than to come to Creech's to buy their Calicoes.

CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, KENTUCKY JEANS, COTTONADES, &c.

Just received 5,000 yards Cassimeres, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Cottonades and Linen Goods, for Men, Boys and Children, suitable for Spring and Summer wear. I ask you to call and examine my stock before you buy, and you will not regret it.

HOOP SKIRTS! HOOP SKIRTS!!

A large and varied stock of Hoop Skirts, both as to price and quality.

LADIES' HATS AND BONNETS, TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED, NEW STYLES FOR 1867.

Ladies' Trimmed Hats, prices ranging from $1 to $6. Misses from 50 cts. to $4. Creech's is the place to buy your Hats and Bonnets.

Gent's Hats, Hats, Hats!

Just received a fine assortment of Men's, Boys', Youth's and Children's Hats—cheaper than ever. Come to Creech's to buy your Hats.

SHOES! SHOES! SHOES!

Just received 3000 pair Gent's, Boys', Ladies' and Misses' Shoes,—will be sold cheap enough to meet the hard times. Come and see prices and quality.

Groceries and Crockery Ware.

A good stock of Family Groceries, and Crockery ware, and will be sold as low as any in the city.

Don't say you won't come and see, but say you will. If you have laid up your money for a rainy day, that rainy day has come. So come to Creech's to buy your goods. You will find me at R. Smith's corner, always ready and willing to serve you right.
mar 23-193-tf A. CREECH.

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG,

AT THE

OLD STAND

OF

S. H. YOUNG,

ARE now receiving from the North a large and well selected stock of the most desirable and fashionable

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

Which having been bought at low figures will be sold very low

FOR CASH.

We respectfully request our friends, and the public generally, to call and examine our stock, before buying elsewhere.
April 19-216-tf

HOME AGAIN.

M. ROSENBAUM,

WOULD RESPECFULLY INFORM HIS PAtrons and the public in general, that he has just returned from New York, where he has been for the last three months watching the market for the GREATEST BARGAINS in his line, and that he is now prepared to show his customers a splendid line of all the latest styles Dress Goods.

TRIMMINGS,
HATS & BONNETS,
RIBBONS,
FLOWERS,
SHEETINGS,
SHIRTINGS,
HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS,
HOSIERY, ETC., ETC.

A fine assortment Ladies, Misses and Children's Shoes of the celebrated T. Miles & Son's Philadelphia make, just received.

Give him a call before buying elsewhere; it will well repay you.
April 17-214-tf

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

OUR STOCK COMPLETE!

WE HAVE IN STORE A GENERAL ASSORTment of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Hats, Boots and Shoes for Gent's and Boys.

ALSO, HATS FOR LADIES, AND MISSES,
&c., &c.

Call and see us at the old stand of
May 5-227-tf S. H. YOUNG.

FOR SALE.

ARCTIC ICE CREAM FREEZERS; WILL Freeze in 5 minutes.

ALSO,

Cut Nails and Finishing Brads,
Hoop Iron and Cast Steel.
J. BROWN,
May 2-226-tf With Hart & Lewis.

AUCTION SALES.

ANOTHER AUCTION!

ON WEDNESDAY, MAY 22ND. 1867.

at Our Store, No. 58, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh,

WE WILL SELL, BY CATALOGUE,

A LARGE VARIED STOCK OF

HARDWARE,

Consisting of Table and Pocket Cutlery, Razors, Scissors and Shears, Draw Knives, Hammers, Hatchets, Axes and Saws, Tea and Table Spoons, Pad and Stock Locks, Gimlets, Files and Rasps, Horse Shoes, Nails and Tacks, Trace Chains, Spades, Shovels and Forks, Fry Pans, Sauce Pans and Kettles, Candle Sticks, Curry Combs and Horse Brushes, Weeding Hoes, Coffee Mills, Sifters and Cotton Cards, Bridles, Back Bands, &c.

A Full, Complete and well Selected Stock of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

LATEST STYLES AND BEST MAKE.

Twenty Crates of Crockery, Assorted.

Hats and Shoes, Cigars and Tobacco, Wines and Liquors, Sugars and Coffees.

And Twelve heavy Cases of Plain and Fancy Dry Goods, Bleachings, Domestics, &c., &c.

The attention of Merchants is particularly called to this sale.

Parties desiring to add other Goods must have them in Store on or before Saturday the 18th.

PULLIAM, JONES & Co.
Wholesale Grocers,
my 4-228-td Auction & Com. Mer.

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

MARKS & LITTLEJOHN,

(SUCCESSORS TO ANDERSON, MARKS & CO.,)

General Grocers

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 6 OLD STREET,

OPPOSITE SYCAMORE,

Petersburg, Va.

Will attend to the Sale of all Produce and Merchandise, of every description, sent to their care and will also purchase any goods not in their line.

Liberal cash advances made on consignments in hand.

Can also furnish Fertilizers of any kind to farmers on accommodating terms.

J. A. MARKS, W. H. LITTLEJOHN,
Late of Anderson, Marks & Co. of Franklin Co., N. C.
Feb 18-164-3m

FERTILIZERS

FOR SPRING CROPS.

WE beg to inform the trade and planters of North Carolina and Virginia, that we are prepared to furnish them with the most approved FERTILIZERS, on the most accommodating terms. We will have a stock of genuine PERUVIAN GUANO, purchased direct from the Agent of the Peruvian Government.

We have now in store, for immediate delivery, 325 tons BRADLEY'S SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME, which won for itself such an enviable reputation in the Cotton and Tobacco counties of North Carolina and Virginia, last season, proving itself equal, and in many important respects, superior to the Peruvian Guano. We give an analysis of it as ascertained by Dr. Hayes, one of the most eminent Chemists in the country:

Results of Analyses Made of Bradley's Patent Super-Phosphate of Lime, as now sold by Wm. L. Bradley.

100 PARTS CONSIST OF	
Moisture	5.80
Prepared animal matter, salts of Ammonia, fatty substances and Humus	38.50
Bone Phosphates of Lime, Magnesia and Iron	36.80
(Soluble Phosphates of do. 16 6-10.)	
Sulphate of Lime	16.50
Salts	20
Insoluble	2.60
	99.90

The animal matter afforded 4 2-10 parts of Ammonia when it was decomposed, and, as will be seen, nearly one-half of the Bone Phosphate is soluble.

After many analyses of your Super-Phosphate of Lime, made during the last few months, I have found your standard of quality full equal to that of any you have ever sold in former years; and I am satisfied that you include the correct principles in the manufacture. Respectfully,
A. A. HAYES, M. D., State Assayer.

We refer to the following gentlemen who tested its merits last season:

Dr. G. A. FOOTE, Warren County, N. C.
J S FOOTE, "
Col JOHN WIMBISH, Granville "
B T BALLARD, Franklin, "
A. D. ELLIS, "
R. F. YARBOROUGH, "
L. BATTLE, Nash County, N. C.
J H AVENT, "
W T WRIGHT, "
L M CONYERS, "
H G WILLIAMS, "
J P HILLIARD, "
J P JENKINS, "
J J THORNTON, "
Dr W H WATSON, "
T J BODDIE, Nash County, North Carolina.
J S BODDIE, "
Hon S H ROGERS, Wake "
T P BRASWELL, Edgecomb "
J H ARMSTRONG, "
J L LYON, "
E H FLOWERS, "
Col G W HAMMOND, "
W W BARKER, "
J B TAYLOR, "
J N TAYLOR, "
Gen M W RANSOM, Northampton "
W P SOLOMON, Halifax, "
W T TAYLOR, Wilson, "

We will be represented at the Courts of Granville, Nash, Wake, Edgecombe, Wilson Halifax, Northampton, Franklin and Warren counties, N. C., and Greenville county Virginia.

Any business confided to us shall have our best attion.

McILWAINE & CO.
Petersburg, Va., Jan 21-3m

THOS. BRANCH & CO.,

No. 1015 Main Street,

(OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,)

Richmond, Va.;

THOS. BRANCH & SONS,

No. 9 Old Street

PETERSBURG, VA.;

BRANCH, SONS & CO.,

Broad Street,

AUGUSTA, GA.,

BANKERS,

AND

Commission Merchants,

Receive Money on Deposit, subject to sight checks, and allow interest on same as agreed upon; Negotiate Loans; Make Collections throughout the United States, and buy and sell on commission, Bank Notes, Bonds, Stocks, &c., &c.

They also offer their services for the sale and purchase of

THE SENTINEL.

TUESDAY, MAY 7, 1867.

"LITTLE JIM."

The cottage was a thatched one, the outside old and mean,
Yet everything within that cot was wond'rous neat and clean.
The night was dark and stormy, the wind was howling wild,
A patient mother watched beside the death-bed of her child—
A little worn-out creature—his once bright eyes grown dim;
It was the collier's wife and child—they called him "Little Jim."

And, oh! to see the briny tears fast hurrying down her cheek,
As she offered up a prayer in thought—she was afraid to speak,
Lest one might waken one she loved far better than her life,
For she had all a mother's heart, had that poor collier's wife—
With hands uplifted, see! she kneels beside the sufferer's bed,
And prays that He will spare her boy, and take herself instead.

She gets her answer from the child—soft fall these words from him:
"Mother, the angels do so smile, and beckon 'Little Jim,'
I have no pain, dear mother, now, but, oh, I am so dry—
Just moisten poor Jim's lips again, and, mother, don't ye cry."
With gentle, trembling haste she held a tearup to his lips;
He smiled to thank her as he took three little sups.

"Tell father, when he comes from work, I said good-night to him;
And, mother, now I'll go to sleep." Alas! poor "Little Jim."

She saw that he was dying—that the child she loved so dear
Had uttered the last words that she might ever hope to hear.
The cottage door is opened—the collier's step is heard—
The father and the mother meet, but neither speak a word.
He felt that all was o'er—he knew his child was dead,
He took the candle in his hand and walked toward the bed:
His quivering lips give token of the grief he'd fain conceal—
And see! his wife has joined him—the stricken couple kneel;
With hearts bowed down with sadness they him-by ask of Him
In heaven once more to meet again their own poor "Little Jim."

A GRAVE WITHOUT A MONUMENT.—The sea is the largest of cemeteries, and all its slumberers sleep without a monument. All other graveyards, in all lands, show some symbols of distinction between the great and the small, the rich and the poor, but in that great ocean cemetery the king and the clown, the prince and the peasant, are alike undistinguished. The same wave rolls over all, the same requiem by the minstrelsy of the ocean is sung to their honor. Over their remains the same storm beats, and the same sun shines, and there, unmarked, the weak and the powerful, the plumed and the unhonored, will sleep on, until, awakened by the same trump, the sea will give up its dead. No marble rises to point out where their ashes are gathered. Yet that cemetery hath ornaments of which no other can boast. On no other are the heavenly orbs reflected in such splendor. Over no other is heard such noble melody.

LET THE UNFORGIVING FEAR.—A soldier, whose regiment lay in a garrison town in England, was brought before his commanding officer for some offence. He was an old offender, and had been often punished. "Here he is again," said the officer, on his name being mentioned; "everything—flogging, disgrace, imprisonment—has been tried with him."

Whereupon the sergeant stepped forward, and, apologizing for the liberty he took, said:

"There is one thing which has never been done with him yet, sir."

"What is that, sir?" was the answer.

"Well, sir," said the sergeant, "he has never been forgiven."

"Forgiven!" exclaimed the Colonel, surprised at the suggestion.

He reflected for a few moments, ordered the culprit to be brought in, and asked him what he had to say to the charge.

"Nothing, sir," was the reply, "only I am sorry for what I have done."

Turning a kind and pitiful look on the man, who expected nothing else than his punishment would be increased with the repetition of his offence, the Colonel addressed him, saying, "Well, we have decided to forgive you!"

The soldier was struck dumb with astonishment; the tears started in his eyes, and he wept like a child. He was humbled to the dust; he thanked his officer and retired; to be the old, refractory, incorrigible man? No! he was another man from that day forward. He who tells the story had him for years under his eyes, and a better conducted man never wore the Queen's colors. In him kindness bent one whom harshness could not break; he was conquered by mercy, and, forgiven, ever afterwards feared to offend.

MISCELLANEOUS.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR RENT.

THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC IS INVITED to that valuable Hotel property known as the

"MANSION HOUSE,"

situated in the centre of the City of Charlotte, N. C. The lease of the present occupant expires on the 1st. day of June proximo, and the entire Hotel property will be for Lease or Rent; and to a competent Landlord, the Lease will be made very reasonable. The building is of brick, large, roomy and was arranged for the special purpose for which it has long been occupied.

The owners intend to put the property in FIRST RATE REPAIR, and invite the attention of those who "know how to keep a Hotel" to its advantages. There is no other Hotel in the business part of the City to come in competition; therefore the occupant may be said to enjoy a monopoly.

Communications addressed to the undersigned will receive prompt attention, and would be glad to receive them on or before the 15th. of May.

M. L. WRISTON, Agent.
Charlotte, N. C. May 1-225-1w*

VENEZUELA.

FOR ORINOCO AND CARONI RIVERS, SOUTH AMERICA.

A VESSEL will leave Charleston, S. C. on the 18th. day of May 1867, for Venezuela, with Emigrants. In order to secure passage from Charleston, application for passage must be made in time, either in person or by letter to

S. ROWLAND,
Raleigh, N. C.

P. S. Passage and board only $75.
May 1-225-2w

CANDY AND FRUIT.

1500 lbs. Assorted Stick Candy—best quality.
5 Boxes fresh repacked Oranges,
5 " " " Lemons,
10 Quarter and half boxes layer Raisins,
In store and arriving.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
my 4-228-tf

WRAPPING TWINE,

200 lbs. Paper Twine.
500 lbs. Jute "
which will be sold cheap.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
my 4-228-tf

WESTERN EMPIRE COOKING STOVES,

Well furnished, on hand.

J. BROWN,
my 6-229-tf With Hart & Lawis.

THE FORTIETH CONGRESS.

SENATE.

[Radical members marked "R." Conservatives marked "C."

CONNECTICUT.
James Dixon, c
Orris S Ferry, r

CALIFORNIA.
John Conness, r
Cornelius Cole, r

DELAWARE.
Geo Read Riddle, c
Willard Saulsbury, c

ILLINOIS.
Richard Yates, r
Vacancy.

INDIANA.
Thos A Hendricks, c
Lyman Trumbull, r

IOWA.
James W Grimes, r
James Harlan, r

KANSAS
Vacancy
1867

MAINE.
Lott M Morrill, r
W P Fessenden, r

MASSACHUSETTS.
Chas Sumner, r
Henry Wilson, r

MARYLAND.
Reverdy Johnson, c
Vacancy

MISSOURI.
John B Henderson, r
C D Drake, r

MICHIGAN.
Zachariah Chandler, r
Jacob M Howard, r

KENTUCKY.
James Guthrie, c
Vacancy.

MINNESOTA.
Alex Ramsey, r
Dan'l S Norton, r

NEW HAMPSHIRE.
Aaron H Craigin, r
Jas W Patterson, r

NEW YORK.
Edwin D Morgan, r
Roscoe Conkling, r

NEW JERSEY.
A G Cattell, r
F T Frelinghuysen, r

NEVADA.
Wm M Stewart, r
Vacancy

OHIO.
Benj. F Wade, r
John Sherman, r

OREGON.
Geo H Williams, r
Henry W Corbett, r

PENNSYLVANIA.
Chas R Buckalew, c
Simon Cameron, r

RHODE ISLAND.
Wm Sprague, r
Henry B Anthony, r

TENNESSEE.
David T Fowler, r
J S Patterson, c

VERMONT.
Geo F Edmunds, r
Simon Cameron, r

WISCONSIN.
Jas R. Doolittle, c
Vacancy.

WEST VIRGINIA.
Peter G Van Winkle, r
Waitman T Willey, r

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

NEW YORK.
1 Stephen Taber, r
2 Demas Barnes, c
3 Wm E Robinson, c
4 John Fox, c
5 John Morrissey, c
6 Thos E Stewart, c
7 John W Chandler, c
8 James Brooks, c
9 Fernando Wood, c
10 Wm H Robertson, r
11 Chas H Van Wyck, r
12 John H Ketchum, r
13 Thos Cornell, r
14 J Y L Pruyn, c
15 J A Griswold, r
16 Orange Ferris, r
17 C T Hulburd, r
18 James M Marvin, r
19 Wm C Fields, r
20 A B Ladin, r
21 Roscoe Conkling, r
22 J C Churchill, r
23 Dennis McCarthy, r
24 T M Pomeroy, r
25 Wm H Kelsey r
26 Wm S Lincoln, r
27 Hamilton Ward, r
28 Lewis Selye, r
29 Burt Van Horn, r
30 J M Humphrey, c
31 H Van Aernam, r

DELAWARE.
John Nicholson, c

FLORIDA.
1 N S Judd, r

ILLINOIS.
2 J F Farnsworth, r
3 E B Washburne, r
4 A C Harding, r
5 F C Ingersoll, r
6 Burton C Cook, r
7 H P H Bromwell, r
8 Shelby McCullom, r
9 Louis Wilgus, c
10 A G Burr, c
11 Sam'l Marshall, c
12 John Baker, r
13 G E Bana, r
At large, J A Logan, r

INDIANA.
1 Wm E Niblack, c
2 Michael C Kerr, c
3 M C Hunter, r
4 Wm S Holman, c
5 Geo W Julian, r
6 John Coburn, r
7 H D Washburne, r
8 Godlove S Orth, r
9 Schuyler Colfax, r
10 Wm Williams, r
11 Jno P C Shanks, r

IOWA.
1 James P Wilson, r
2 Hiram Price, r
3 Wm B Allison, r
4 W M Longbridge, r
5 G M Dodge, r
6 Asahel W Hubbard, r

KANSAS.
Sidney Clark, r

MAINE.
1 John Lynch, r
2 Sidney Parham, r
3 James G Blaine, r
4 John A Peters, r
5 Frod'k A Pike, r

MASSACHUSETTS.
1 Thos D Eliot, r
2 Oakes Ames, r
3 Gilbert Twitchell, r
4 Sam'l Hooper, r
5 Benj. F. Butler, r
6 Nat P Banks, r
7 Geo S Boutwell, r
8 John B Baldwin, r
9 W B Washburne, r
10 Henry L Dawes, r

MARYLAND.
1 Hiram McCullough, c
2 S Arthur, c
3 C E Phelps, c
4 Francis Thomas, r
5 Frederick Stone, c

MISSOURI.
1 Wm A Pile, r
2 C A Newcom, r
3 Thos E Noell, c
4 J J Gravelly, r
5 J W McClurg, r
6 B T Van Horn, r
7 Benj F Loan, r
8 J F Benjamin, r
9 G W Anderson, r

MICHIGAN.
1 For C Beaman, r
2 Chas Upson, r
3 Austin Blair, r
4 Thos W Ferry, r
5 F E Troubridge, r
6 John F Driggs, r

MINNESOTA.
1 Wm Windom, r
2 Ignatius Donnelly, r

NEW JERSEY.
1 William Moore, r
2 Wm A Newell, r
3 Chas Sitgreaves, c
4 John Hill, r
5 G A Halsey, r

NEVADA.
Delons R. Ashley, r

OHIO.
1 Benj Eggleston, r
2 R B Hayes, r
3 Rod C Schenck, r
4 Wm Lawrence, r
5 Wm H Morgan, r
6 R W Clark, r
7 Sam'l Shellabarger, r
8 C S Hamilton r
9 Ralph P Buckland, r
10 James M Ashley, r
11 John T Wilson, r
12 P Van Trump, c
13 G W Morgan c
14 Martin Welker, r
15 Tobias A Plants, r
16 John A Bingham, r
17 Ephraim R Eckley, r
18 Rufus P Spalding, r
19 James A Garfield, r

OREGON.
J D H Henderson, r

PENNSYLVANIA.
1 Samuel J Randall, c
2 Charles O'Neill, r
3 Leonard Myers, r
4 W D Kelley, r
Caleb N Taylor, r
6 D Markely Boyer, c
7 John M Broomall, r
8 Lawrence Getz, c
9 Thaddeus Stevens, r
10 Henry L Cake, r
11 D M Van Auken, c
12 Charles Dennison, c
13 Ulysses F Mercer, r
14 Geo F Miller, r
15 A J Goddebrenner, c
16 Wm H Koontz, r
17 Daniel S Morrell, r
18 Stephen F Wilson, r
19 G W Schofield, r
20 Darwin A Finney, r
21 John Covode, r
22 J K Moorehead, r
23 Thomas Williams, r
24 G V Lawrence, r

VERMONT.
1 F E Woodbridge, r
2 Luke Poland, r
3 W C Smith, r

WISCONSIN.
1 Halbert E Paine, r
2 Benj F Hopkins, r
3 Amasa Cobb, r
4 Chas A Eldridge, c
5 Philetus Sawyer, r
6 C C Washburne, r

WEST VIRGINIA.
1 C D Hubbard, r
2 Benj M Kitchen, r
3 Daniel Polsley, r

U. S. Judiciary

The Judges of the Supreme Court of the United States are as follows:

Mr Chief Justice Chase, of Ohio
Mr Justice Wayne, Georgia
Mr Justice Nelson, New York
Mr Justice Grier, Pennsylvania
Mr Justice Swayne, Ohio
Mr Justice Miller, Iowa
Mr Justice Davis, Illinois
Mr Justice Field, California
Mr Justice Stansbury, Ohio
Reporter, John W Wallace, Ohio
Marshal, D S Gooding
Clerk, D W Middleton

The Judge of the District Court of North Carolina is G W Brooks. District Attorney, D H Starbuck. Marshal, Daniel R Goodloe.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE YARBROUGH HOUSE,

Fayetteville Street,

RALEIGH, N. C.

I HAVE THE PLEASURE OF ANNOUNCING to my friends, and the traveling public, that I have leased the

YARBROUGH HOUSE,

for a term of years. The House will be

Repainted and Furnished

with new and elegant furniture at once.

I return sincere thanks to my patrons for their very kind and liberal patronage, received while in charge of the EXCHANGE HOTEL in this city.

I promise that the Yarbrough House shall have no superior in the South.

J. M. BLAIR.
mar 21-199 4f

BANK CAPE FEAR,

WILMINGTON, April 10, 1867.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHolders of the Bank of Cape Fear, will be held at the Banking House in Wilmington, on Thursday, the 9th. day of May next.

J. G. BURR, Cashier.
April 13-210-td

FRESH FIELD SEEDS,

RED CLOVER,
ORCHARD GRASS,
TIMOTHY,
BLUE GRASS,
LUCERNE,

and best variety of Garden Seeds, just received from R. Sinclair & Co., Baltimore, at the Farmers' Hall

JAMES M. TOWLES,
Feb 20-195-tf Auctioneer.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

JOHN W. HINSDALE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 2, Hay Street, Fayetteville N. C.

WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO ALL BUSIness intrusted to his care.

Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.
Jan 24-tf

Congressional Reconstruction Acts.

For the information of our readers we republish as follows the late reconstruction act of Congress, known as the Sherman-Shellabarger bill. We shall add to it the Howard Amendment, Test Oath and the Supplementary act, all of which will be kept standing until the necessary information they contain shall be generally and fully understood.

THE RECONSTRUCTION ACT.

AN ACT to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States.

[Passed over the President's Veto, March 2d, 1867.]

WHEREAS, no legal State governments or adequate protection for life or property now exists in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas, and Arkansas; and whereas it is necessary that peace and good order should be enforced in said States until loyal and Republican State Governments can be legally established: Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That said rebel States shall be divided into military districts and made subject to the military authority of the United States, as hereinafter prescribed, and for that purpose Virginia shall constitute the first district; North Carolina and South Carolina the second district; Georgia, Alabama and Florida the third district; Mississippi and Arkansas the fourth district; and Louisiana and Texas the fifth district.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the President to assign to the command of each of said districts an officer of the army, not below the rank of Brigadier general, and to detail a sufficient military force to enable such officer to perform his duties and enforce his authority within the district to which he is assigned.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of each officer assigned as aforesaid to protect all persons in their rights of person and property, to suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to punish or cause to be punished all disturbers of the public peace and criminals, and to this end he may allow local civil tribunals to take jurisdiction of and to try offenders, or, when in his judgement it may be necessary for the trial of offenders, he shall have power to organize military commissions or tribunals for that purpose, and all interference, under color of State authority, with the exercise of military authority under this act shall be null and void.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That all persons put under military arrest by virtue of this act shall be tried without unnecessary delay, and no cruel or unusual punishment shall be inflicted; and no sentence of any military commission or tribunal hereby authorized, affecting the life or liberty of any person, shall be executed until it is approved by the officer in command of the district, and the laws and regulations for the government of the army shall not be affected by this act, except in so far as they conflict with its provisions. Provided, That no sentence of death under the provisions of this act, shall be carried into effect without the approval of the President.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That when the people of any one of said rebel States shall have formed a constitution of government in conformity with the Constitution of the United States in all respects, framed by a convention of delegates elected by the male citizens of said State, twenty one years old and upwards, of whatever race, color or previous condition, who have been resident in said State for one year previous to the day of such election, except such as may be disfranchised for participation in the rebellion, or for felony at common law; and when such constitution shall provide that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualifications herein stated for electors of delegates; and when such constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such constitution shall have been submitted to Congress for examination and approval, and Congress shall have approved the same; and when the said State, by a vote of its legislature, elected under said constitution, shall have adopted the amendment to the constitution of the United States, proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress, and known as article fourteen; and when said article shall have become a part of the constitution of the United States, said State shall be declared entitled to representation in Congress, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom, on their taking the oath prescribed by law; and then and thereafter the preceding sections of this act shall be inoperative in said State. Provided, That no person excluded from the privilege of holding office by said amendment to the constitution of the United States shall be eligible to election as a member of the convention to frame a constitution for any of said rebel States, nor shall any such person vote for members of such convention.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That until the people of said rebel States shall be by law admitted to representation in the Congress of the United States, any civil government which may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States at any time to abolish, modify, control or supersede the same; and in all elections to any office under such provisional governments all persons shall be entitled to vote and none others, who are entitled to vote under the provisions of the fifth section of this act; and no person shall be eligible to any office under such provisional governments who would be disqualified from holding office under the provisions of the third article of said constitutional amendment.

SCHUYLER COLFAX.
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
LAFAYETTE S. FOSTER,
President of the Senate *pro tem.*

The following is the Constitutional Amendment referred to in the 4th section of the Sherman bill:

Proposed Constitutional Amendment.

ARTICLE XIV.

Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Sec. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, representatives in Congress, executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State being twenty-one years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

Sec. 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice-President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

Sec. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims, shall be held illegal and void.

Sec. 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this article.

The following is the oath of office referred to in the 5th section of the bill, and also in the 4th of the Supplementary Bill:

An Act to Prescribe an Oath of Office and for Other Purposes.

Be it enacted, That hereafter any person elected or appointed to any office of honor or profit under the government of the United States, either in the civil, military or naval department of the public service, except the President of the United States, shall before entering upon the duties of such office, and before being entitled to any of the salary or other emolument thereof, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation: "I, A B, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have never voluntarily borne arms against the U. S. since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have never sought nor accepted nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever, under any authority, or pretended authority, in hostility to the United States; that I have never yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, power or constitution within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto; and I do further swear (or affirm) that to the best of my knowlege and ability, I will support and defend the constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion, and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter. So help me God," which oath, so taken and signed, shall be preserved among the files of the Court, Houses of Congress, or the department to which said officer may appertain. And any person who may falsely take said oath shall be guilty of perjury, and on conviction, in addition to the penalties now prescribed for that offence, shall be deprived of his office, and rendered incapable, forever after, of holding any office or place under the United States.

Approved July 2, 1864.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STEVENS-SHERMAN-SHELLABARGER BILL.

AN ACT supplemental to an act entitled an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2, 1867, and to facilitate restoration.

Be it enacted &c., That before the first day of September, 1867, the commanding general in each district defined by the act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, approved March 2, 186, shall cause a registration to be made of the male citizens of the United States, twenty-one years of age, and upwards, resident in each county or parish in the State or States included in his district, which registration will include only those persons who are qualified to vote for delegates by the act aforesaid, and who shall have taken and subscribed the following oath or affirmation:

"I, ——, do solemnly swear, or affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I am a citizen of the State of ——; that I have resided in said State for —— months next preceding this day, and now reside in the county of ——, or the parish of ——, in said State, as the case may be; that I am 21 years old; that I have not been disfranchised for participation in any rebellion or civil war against the United States, nor for felony committed against the laws of any State or of the United States; that I have never been a member of any State Legislature, or held any executive or judicial office in any state, and afterwards engaged in insurrection and rebellion against the United States, and given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof: that I have never taken an oath as a member of Congress of the United States, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, and afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I will faithfully support the Constitution and obey the laws of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, encourage others so to do. So help me God."

which oath or affirmation may be administered by any registering officer.

Sec. 2. That after the completion of the registration hereby provided for in any State at such time and place therein as the commanding general shall appoint and direct, of which at least thirty day's public notice shall be given, an election shall be held of delegates to a convention for the purpose of establishing a constitution and civil government for such State loyal to the Union; said convention in each State, except Virginia, to consist of the same number of members as the most numerous branch of the State Legislature of such State in the year 1860, to be apportioned among the several districts, counties, or parishes of such State by the commanding general, giving to each representation in the ratio of voters registered as aforesaid as nearly as may be. The convention in Virginia shall consist of the same number of members as represented the territory now constituting Virginia in the most numerous branch of the Legislature of said State in the year 1860, to be apportioned as aforesaid.

Sec. 3. That at such election the registered voters of each State shall vote for or against a convention to form a constitution thereof under this act. Those voting in favor of such a convention shall have written or printed on the ballots by which they vote for delegates as aforesaid, the words "for a convention;" and those voting against such a convention shall have written or printed on such ballots the words "against a convention." The persons appointed to superintend said election, and to make return of the votes given thereat, as herein provided, shall count and make return of the votes given for and against a convention; and the commanding general, to whom the same shall have been returned, shall ascertain and declare the total vote in each State for and against a convention. If a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, then a convention shall be held, as hereinafter provided; but if a majority of said votes shall be against a convention, then no convention shall be held under this act: *Provided*, That such convention shall not be held unless a majority of all such registered voters shall have voted on the question of holding such convention.

Sec. 4. That the commanding general of each district shall appoint such loyal officers or persons as may be necessary, not exceeding three in each election district, in any State, to make and complete the registration, superintend the election, and make return to him of the votes, lists of voters and of the persons elected as delegates by a plurality of the votes cast at said election; and upon receiving said returns he shall open the same, ascertain the persons elected as delegates according to the returns of the officers who conducted said election, and make proclamation thereof; and if a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, the commanding general within sixty days from the date of election, shall notify the delegates to assemble in convention at a time and place to be mentioned in the notification, and said convention, when organized, shall proceed to frame a Constitution and civil government according to the provisions of this act, and the act to which it is supplementary; and when the same shall have been so framed, said Constitution shall be submitted by the convention for ratification to the persons registered under the provisions of this act, at an election to be conducted by the officers, or persons appointed by the commanding general as herein before provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date of notice thereof to be given by said convention, and the returns thereof shall be made to the commanding general of the district.

Sec. 5 That if, according to said returns, the constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the votes of the registered electors qualified as herein specified, cast at said election, at least one-half of all the registered voters voting upon the question of such ratification, the president of the convention shall transmit a copy of the same, duly certified, to the President of the United States, who shall forthwith transmit the same to Congress, if then in session, and if not in session, then immediately upon its next assembling; and if it shall moreover appear to Congress that the election was one at which all the registered and qualified electors in the State had an opportunity to vote freely and without restraint, fear or the influence of fraud, and if Congress shall be satisfied that such constitution meets the approval of a majority of the qualified electors in the State, and if the said constitution shall be declared by Congress to be in conformity with the provisions of the act to which this is supplementary, and the other provisions of said act shall have been complied with, and the said constitution shall be approved by Congress, the State shall be declared entitled to representation, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom as herein provided.

Sec. 6. That all elections in the States mentioned in the said "Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," shall, during the operation of said act, be by ballot; and all officers making the said registration of voters and conducting said elections shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, subscribe an oath faithfully to perform the duties of their said office, and the oath prescribed by the act approved July 2, 1862, entitled "An act to prescribe an oath of office." Provided, That if any person shall knowingly and falsely take and subscribe any oath in this act prescribed, such person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be subject to the pains, penalties and disabilities which by law are provided for the punishment of the crime of wilful and corrupt perjury.

Sec. 7. That all expenses incurred by the several commanding generals, or by virtue of any orders issued or appointments made by them under or by virtue of this act, shall be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 8. That the convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary, and compensation to be paid to all delegates and other officers and agents herein authorized or necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, not herein otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such State as may be necessary to pay the same.

Sec. 9. That the word "article" in the sixth section of the act to which this is supplementary shall be construed to mean "section."

FOR SALE.

Valuable City Property for Sale.

ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE HOUSES and Lots in the City, (front of Nash Square) lately occupied by Mrs. Rufin Tucker, dec'd.—The House contains 10 Rooms, all well furnished. Lot about 2½ acres, grounds beautifully ornamented with Shrubbery. Conservatory filled with the rarest flowers and garden of Rare vegetables and choice fruit trees, all necessary out buildings, and well of pure water. Possession can be given immediately.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.
mar 3-175-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

An Old Song, set to a New Tune

1867.

As spring approaches
Ants and Roaches
From their holes come out
And Mice and Rats
In spite of cats,
Gaily skip about.

"18 years established in N. Y. City."
"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

"Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c., Exterm's

Is a paste—used for *Rats, Mice, Roaches, Black and Red Ants, &c., &c.*

"Costar's" Bed-Bug Exterminator

Is a liquid or wash—used to destroy, and also as a preventive for *Bed-Bugs, &c.*

"Costar's" Electric Powder for Insects

Is for *Moths Mosquitoes, Fleas, Bed-Bugs, Insects on Plants, Fowls Animals, &c.*

☞!!! Beware!!! of all worthless imitations.

☞ See that "COSTAR'S" name is on each Box, Bottle, and Flask, before you buy

☞ Address, HENRY R. COSTAR, 484 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ Sold in Raleigh N. C.

☞ By P. F. PESCUD and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

And all Druggists and Retailers everywhere.

"COSTAR'S"
CELEBRATED
BUCKTHORN SALVE

For Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Wounds, Boils, Cancers, Broken Breasts, Sore Nipples, Bleeding, Blind and Painful Piles; Scrofulous, Putrid and Ill-conditioned Sores; Ulcers, Glandular Swellings, Erysipelas, Cutaneous Affections, Ringworm, Itch, Corns, Bunions, Chilblains, &c; Chapped Hand-, Lips, &c.;
Bites of Spiders, Insects, Animals, &c., &c.

☞ Boxes, 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1 sizes.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞ And by HENRY R. COSTAR, Depot 484 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ And by—P. F. PESCUD, and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Raleigh, N. C.

"COSTAR'S"
UNIVERSAL
CORN SOLVENT,

For Corns, Bunions, Warts, &c.

☞ Boxes 25 cts. 50 cts and $1 sizes.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞ And by HENRY R. COSTAR, Depot 484 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ And by—P. F. PESCUD and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Raleigh N. C.

"COSTAR'S"
PREPARATION OF
BITTER SWEET & ORANGE BLOSSOMS

FOR BEAUTIFYING THE COMPLEXION.

Used to Soften and Beautify the Skin, remove Freckles, Pimples, Eruptions, &c.

Ladies are now using it in preference to all others.

☞ Bottles, $1.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞ And by HENRY R. COSTAR, Depot 484 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ And by—P. F. PESCUD and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Raleigh N. C.

"COSTAR'S"
PECTORAL
COUGH REMEDY,

For Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchial Affections, and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

☞ Bottles, 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1 sizes.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞ And by HENRY R. COSTAR, Depot 484 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ And by—P. F. PESCUD and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Raleigh N. C.

"COSTAR'S"
CELEBRATED
BISHOP PILLS,

A UNIVERSAL DINNER PILL,

For Nervous and Sick Headache, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation, Diarrhœa, Colics, Chills, Fevers, and general derangement of the Digestive Organs.

☞ Boxes, 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1 sizes.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞ And by HENRY R. COSTAR, Depot 484 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ And by—P. F. PESCUD and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Raleigh N. C.
mar 29-198-3mdaw

BALTIMORE ADVERTISENTS.

1867. SPRING 1867.

HULL, ATKINSON & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE

DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS,

No. 258 Baltimore Street,

BALTIMORE,

offer a large and handsome stock, to which they ask the

ATTENTION OF THE TRADE.

mar 21-190-3m*

POOLE & HUNT,

Baltimore,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY

Steam Engines and Boilers,

STEAM FIRE ENGINES,

LEFFEL'S PATENT AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER-WHEEL, SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,

ROBERTS' BURR REGULATOR,

Flouring Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and Gearing.
mar 29-198-6m.

COLLINS & HEATH,
23 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing,	Mount Vernon Cook Stove,
Sheet Lead,	Patapsco Cook.
Lead Pipe,	Roger Williams's, Universal Cook,
Iron Pipe,	Beebe Range,
Terra Cotta Pipe,	European Range,
Brass Cocks,	Magee Range,
Plated Cocks,	Spencer Range,
Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs.	Emerald Range.
Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters,	Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces,
Water Closets,	Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick.
Iron and China Basins,	Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety.
Hydrants,	All the different styles of Grates,
Pumps,	High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.,
Rams, Fountains,	
Water Wheels	
Garden Vases,	
Water-Coolers,	
Refrigerators, &c.	

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.
April 8-206-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

BRENIZER, KELLOGG & PETERS,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

TRADE ST., SPRINGS' BUILDING.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Brenizer Kellogg & Co.

GREENSBORO' N. C.

DEALERS IN

Gold, Silver, Bullion, Southern bank notes, Exchange, bonds, stocks and coupons.

Collections made on all accessible points. Deposits received subject to sight checks.

REFER TO

BREM, BROWN & CO., Charlotte, N. C.
Dr. E. NYE HUTCHISON, "
Gov. Z. B. VANCE, Charlotte, N. C.
JESSE H. LINDSAY, Esq., Greensboro,' N. C.
April 5-204-tf

COMMISSIONERS OF CLAIMS.

THE UNDERSIGNED, APPOINTED AND Commissioned by His Excellency the Governor, under an act of Assembly, ratified on the 4th. March 1867, "to investigate all claims against the State on account of any debt or obligation created during the late war, with power to take testimony, administer oaths, send for persons and papers, and to adopt such rules and regulations as may be deemed necessary to enable them to distinguish between debts created for war purposes, and to report the same to the next session of the General Assembly"—will commence their labors at the Capitol, in Raleigh, on Monday, the 6th. May prox.

All persons holding claims so to be investigated, are hereby notified to present the same.

J. C. HARPER,
R. H. BATTLE,
H. W. HUSTED,
} Commissioners

Raleigh, April 20-217-3w2w

Progress and Standard, Raleigh; Goldsboro' News, Wilmington, Newbern, Charlotte and Salisbury dailies and tri-weeklies publish twice a week for two weeks, or to the amount of $5 each; and the Washington Index, Tarboro Southerner, Wilson Carolinian, Weldon State, Charlotte Democrat and the Warrenton, Henderson, Hillsboro, Fayetteville, Wadesboro, Greensboro, Salem, Winston, Statesville, Rutherford, Asheville and Hendersonville weeklies to the amount of $4 each, and forward their bills to the Commissioners.

$30 REWARD!

HIRAM was stolen on the night of the 28th. Hiram is sorrel, about nine years old; white face; one white hind foot; scar on the cheek; a small dark spot, with white hairs in it, on his hind quarter; a saddle scar on his back; good mane. His tail has been recently trimmed—badly done. Hiram is a fine canterer and walker; paces roughly. Alas! poor Hiram, I want to see you.

The rogue left a MULE, at my house, which the owner can get by indentifying him and paying for this advertisement.

H. C. BRIGGS,
Littleton, Smsex;
or, M. P. BELL,
May 1-225-1w Petersburg, Va.

SOUTHERN SHOE FACTORY.

THOMASVILLE, N. C.

AS SUCCESSORS TO J. SHELLY & SON, established in 1839, with enl